Gettysburg Compiler.

BY H. J. STAHLE. GETTYSBURG, PA., MONDAY, NOV. 5, 1866. 49TH YEAR.—NO. 6.

THE GETTYSBURG COMPILER,
A Democratic Family Journal,
IS PUBLISHED EVERY MONDAY MORNING,
BY HENRY J. STAHLE.
"Truth is Mighty, and Will Prevail."

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.—$2 00 per annum, if paid strictly IN ADVANCE—$2 50 per annum if not paid in advance. No subscription discontinued, unless at the option of the publisher, until all arrearages are paid.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at usual rates.

JOB PRINTING of all kinds done with neatness and dispatch.

OFFICE in South Baltimore street, between Middle and High, near the Post Office—"Compiler Printing Office" on the sign.

Professional Cards.

D. McConaughy,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, (office one door west of Buehler's drug and book store, Chambersburg street,) ATTORNEY AND SOLICITOR FOR PATENTS AND PENSIONS. Bounty Land Warrants, Back-pay, suspended Claims, and all other claims against the Government at Washington, D. C.; also American claims in England. Land Warrants located and sold, or bought, and highest prices given. Agents engaged in locating warrants in Iowa, Illinois and other western States. ☞Apply to him personally or by letter.

Gettysburg, Nov. 21, '53.

Law Partnership.

W. A. DUNCAN & J. H. WHITE, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Will promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to them, including the procuring of Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, and all other claims against the United States and State Governments.

Office in North West Corner of Diamond, Gettysburg, Penn'a.

April 3, 1865. tf

Edward B. Buehler,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, will faithfully and promptly attend to all business entrusted to him. He speaks the German language. Office at the same place, in South Baltimore street, near Forney's drug store, and nearly opposite Danner & Ziegler's store.

Gettysburg, March 20.

J. C. Neely,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.—Particular attention paid to collection of Pensions, Bounty, and Back-pay. Office in the S. E. corner of the Diamond.

Gettysburg, April 6, 1863. tf

Dr. F. C. Wolf,

HAVING located at EAST BERLIN, Adams county, hopes that by strict attention to his professional duties he may merit a share of the public patronage. [Apr. 2, '66 tf

Dr. J. W. C. O'Neal's

OFFICE and Dwelling, N. E. corner of Baltimore and High streets, near Presbyterian Church, Gettysburg, Pa.

Nov. 30, 1863. tf

Dr. D. S. Peffer,

ABBOTTSTOWN, Adams county, continues the practice of his profession in all its branches, and would respectfully invite all persons afflicted with any old standing diseases to call and consult him.

Oct. 3, 1864. tf

Dr. T. O. Kinzer,

HAVING located permanently at BONAUGHTOWN, Adams county, will attend promptly to all professional calls, day or night. Office at John Landis's, where he can always be found, unless professionally engaged.

Aug. 6, 1865. 1y

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.,

HAS his office one door west of the Lutheran church in Chambersburg street, and opposite Dr. C. Horner's office, where those wishing to have any Dental Operation performed are respectfully invited to call. REFERENCES: Drs. Horner, Rev. C. P. Krauth, D. D., Rev. H. L. Baugher, D. D., Rev. Prof. M. Jacobs, D. D., Prof. M. L. Stoever.

Gettysburg, April 11, '53.

Globe Inn,

YORK ST., NEAR THE DIAMOND,

GETTYSBURG, PA.—The undersigned would most respectfully inform his numerous friends and the public generally, that he has purchased that long established and well known Hotel, the "Globe Inn," in York street, Gettysburg, and will spare no effort to conduct it in a manner that will not detract from its former high reputation. His table will have the best the market can afford—his chambers are spacious and comfortable—and he has laid in for his bar a full stock of wines and liquors. There is large stabling attached to the Hotel, which will be attended by attentive hostlers. It will be his constant endeavor to render the fullest satisfaction to his guests, making his house as near a home to them as possible. He asks a share of the public's patronage, determined as he is to deserve a large part of it. Remember, the "Globe Inn" is in York street, but near the Diamond, or Public Square. SAMUEL WOLF.

April 4, 1864. tf

Railroad House,

NEAR THE DEPOT.
HANOVER, YORK CO., PA.

The undersigned would respectfully inform his numerous friends and the public generally, that he has leased the Hotel in Hanover, near the Depot, formerly kept by Mr. Jeremiah Kohler, and will spare no effort to conduct it in a manner that will give general satisfaction. His table will have the best the markets can afford—his chambers are spacious and comfortable—and he has laid in for his bar a full stock of choice wines and liquors. There is stabling for horses attached to the Hotel. It will be his constant endeavor to render the fullest satisfaction to his guests, making his house as near a home to them as possible.—He asks a share of the public patronage, determined as he is to deserve a large part of it. Remember the Railroad House, near the Depot, Hanover, Pa. A. F. BAUGHER.

Oct. 2, 1865. tf

Cannon's
MARBLE WORKS,

On Baltimore street, Nearly Opposite the Court House,
GETTYSBURG, PA.

Every description of work executed in the finest style of the art.

June 4, 1865. tf

$1,500 Per Year! WE want Agents everywhere to sell our IMPROVED $20 Sewing Machines.—Three new kinds. Under and upper feed.—Sent on trial. Warranted five years. Above salary or large commissions paid. The ONLY machines sold in the United States for less than $40, which are *fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., and Bachelder. All* other cheap machines are infringements, and the seller or user are *liable to arrest, fine and imprisonment.* Illustrated circulars sent *free.* Address, or call upon Shaw & Clark, at Biddeford, Maine, or Chicago, Ill.

May 21, 1866. 1sly

Still at Work!

THE undersigned continues the CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS, in all its branches, at his old stand, in East Middle street, Gettysburg.

NEW WORK made to order, and REPAIRING done promptly and at lowest prices.

FALLING-TOP AND STANDING-TOP BUGGIES
CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

Two first-rate SPRING WAGONS for sale. JACOB TROXEL.

John W. Tipton,

FASHIONABLE BARBER, North-east corner of the Diamond, (next door to McClellan's Hotel,) Gettysburg, Pa. where he can at all times be found ready to attend to all business in his line. He has also excellent assistance and will ensure satisfaction. Give him a call. Dec. 3, 1860.

NEW FIRM,

AT THE OLD STAND.
[ESTABLISHED IN 1817.]

I have associated with me, in business, my son, John F. McCreary, under the firm and style of D. McCreary & Son, and I desire to say to my old friends and the public generally that since the war, the manufacture of Saddles, Harness, Collars, &c., has been revived at the old established and well known stand on Baltimore street, one square south of the Court House, Gettysburg, Pa.

Having had an experience of 40 years in this establishment, I feel assured, that, with renewed attention to business, we can still further merit and receive a full share of public patronage. DAVID McCREARY.

With increased facilities for conducting our business, we are better prepared than ever to satisfy the wants of all those who may need anything in our line. We especially call the attention of Farmers and others to the superior quality of our

Plain or Quilted Seat Horn Saddles,
Plain or Quilted Seat no Horn,
Plain or Quilted Seat Side Saddles,
Plain or Fancy Saddle Cloths,
Wagon Saddles,
Riding Bridles, of all kinds, fair or black, rounded or flat,
Martingals,
Carriage Harness, all styles, silver or black mounted,
Heavy Draft Harness,
Blind Bridles,
Girths,
Cruppers,

Side Leathers,
Hames, all kinds, with or without fastenings
Housings,
Scotch Collars (leather)
" " (ticking)
No Seam Collars,
Best Welt Harness Collars,
Patent Leather Collars, stitched or unstitched
Best Leather Wagon Whips, 4, 4½ and 5 feet long,
Plaited Team Whips,
Trotting Whips,
Ladies' Riding Twigs,
Whip Lashes,
Horse Blankets,
&c., &c., &c.

In short, everything that pertains to a first class general horse furnishing establishment constantly on hand or made to order promptly, of the very best material, and by the most experienced workmen in the country, (two having worked in this establishment for the last thirty years.)

We are now manufacturing an excellent lot of Heavy Draft and Harness Collars for those who prefer our own to city made work.

Repairing of all kinds done at short notice and on reasonable terms.

All are cordially invited to call and examine for themselves, as our work cannot fail to recommend itself. D. McCREARY & SON.

Feb. 5, 1866. tf

Money Saved

IS MONEY MADE.

CASH SYSTEM ADOPTED, AND PRICES REDUCED!

The undersigned most respectfully invite their old customers and the public generally to call and see their Goods at the new prices. We have

A FULL AND WELL SELECTED STOCK, which we have concluded to run off at the lowest possible prices. We intend doing what we say; therefore all persons desirous of making money in the easiest way (by saving it in their purchases) will not fail to give us a call, as we promise them *they* shall not be disappointed.

We are thankful for the past very liberal patronage we have received, and trust that we shall merit a continuation of the same; and MORE—as we shall use our best endeavors to please all who may favor us with a call.

☞Don't forget the place.

DANNER & SHIELDS, Fairfield, Adams county, Pa.

N. B.—We are Agents for Miller's Superior Family Flour, and Johnson's celebrated Blasting Powder. [Feb. 26, 1866. tf

Great Attraction

AT BRINKERHOFF'S CHEAP CLOTHING AND FURNISHING STORE, at the North-East Corner of the Diamond. The subscriber is constantly in receipt of fresh goods from the Eastern cities. His stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING is one of the largest and most attractive, as well as the cheapest establishment of the kind in the country. You will there find COATS, PANTS AND VESTS, made up in the most fashionable styles, and of the best materials, of all sizes and prices, for men and boys.—Gentlemen's furnishing goods of every description, Wool Shirts, Muslin Shirts, Hickory Shirts and Merino Shirts, Merino, Wool and Cotton Drawers, Hosiery of every description Buck-skin, Merino and Cotton Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Neck Ties, Cravats, Linen and Paper Collars, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes. Umbrellas, Trunks, Valices, Carpet Bags, Clothes and Shoe Brushes, Hair and Tooth Brushes, Shoe Blacking, Pocket and Dressing Combs, Ivory Combs, Watches, Clocks and Jewelry, Guns, Pistols, Violins and Violin Strings, Soaps and Perfumeries, Stationery of all kinds, Pocket Knives, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco, Pipes, an extra quality of Segars. In fact, his stock embraces everything usually found in a first class furnishing store. I invite the attention of all to come and see for themselves, as I am determined to sell goods lower than any other establishment in the country. Don't forget the place. Corner of York street and the Diamond. JACOB BRINKERHOFF.

July 4, 1864.

Adams County

MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
INCORPORATED, MARCH 18, 1851.
OFFICERS.

President—George Swope.
Vice President—Samuel R. Russell.
Secretary—D. A. Buehler.
Treasurer—E. G. Fahnestock.
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy Andrew Heintzelman, Jacob King.

MANAGERS.—George Swope, D. A. Buehler, R. McCurdy, M. Eichelberger, S. R. Russell, E. G. Fahnestock, A. D. Buehler, R. G. McCreary, Gettysburg; Jacob King, Straban township; A. Heintzelman, Franklin; Wm. D. Himes, New Oxford; Wm. B. Wilson, Bendersville; H. A. Picking, Straban township; John Wolford, Latimore township; John Picking, East Berlin; Abel T. Wright, Bendersville; Abdiel F. Gitt, New Oxford; Jas. H. Marshall, Hamiltonban township; John Cunningham, Freedom township; John Horner, Mountjoy township; Wm. Ross White, Liberty township.

☞This Company is limited in its operations to the county of Adams. It has been in operation for more than 15 years, and in that period has made but *one* assessment, having paid losses by fire during that period amounting to $13,088—$6,769 of which have been paid during the last two years. Any person desiring an Insurance can apply to any of the above named Managers for further information.

☞The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company, on the last Wednesday in every month, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

Oct. 16, 1865. tf

Fresh Arrival.

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES.
COBEAN & CO.

have just received and opened another splendid assortment of HATS, CAPS, BOOTS and SHOES, for Summer wear, which they are selling at very low prices considering the times. The latest styles of Summer Hats and Caps, of every description and price. Boots and Shoes, of superior make, and warranted to fit, always on hand. Work made to order and repairing done on short notice, by experienced workmen. Also,

HARNESS MAKING,

carried on in all its branches. Persons wanting anything in this line would do well to call.

☞Don't forget the old stand in Chambersburg street, if you want Bargains.

COBEAN & CRAWFORD.

June 19, 1865.

SUGAR CURED HAMS.—A fresh supply just received. A prime article and for sale cheap by STRICKHOUSER & WISOTZKY.

PHOTOGRAPHIC.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,
Manufacturers of Photographic materials,
Wholesale and Retail,
501 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

IN addition to our main business of PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS we are Headquarters for the following, viz:

STEREOSCOPES & STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS of American and Foreign Cities and Landscapes, Groups, Statuary, &c.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS OF THE WAR, From negatives made in the various campaigns and forming a complete Photographic history of the great contest.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS ON GLASS, Adapted for either the Magic Lantern or the Stereoscope. Our Catalogue will be sent to any address on receipt of stamp.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS.

We manufacture more largely than any other house, about 200 varieties from 50 cents to $50 each. Our ALBUMS have the reputation of being superior in beauty and durability to any others.

CARD PHOTOGRAPHS OF GENERALS, STATESMEN, ACTORS, ETC., ETC.

Our Catalogue embraces over FIVE THOUSAND different subjects, including reproductions of the most celebrated Engravings, Paintings, Statues, &c. Catalogues sent on receipt of stamp.

Photographers and others ordering goods C. O. D, will please remit 25 per cent of the amount with their order.

☞The prices and quality of our goods cannot fail to satisfy.

June 18, 1866. 1y

Gettysburg Railroad.

CHANGE OF CONNECTIONS.—On and after Monday, November 20th, 1865, Passenger Trains will leave and arrive at Gettysburg, and make connections, as follows:

FIRST TRAIN will leave Gettysburg at 7.45 A. M., with passengers for York, Harrisburg, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and the North and West, arriving at Hanover Junction *without change of cars*, at 10.25 A. M., connecting with the Fast Line South on the Northern Central Railway, and arriving at Baltimore at 12.30 noon. Also connecting with Mail Train from Baltimore north, arriving in Harrisburg at 1.20 P. M. Arrive at Gettysburg 1.10 P. M., with passengers from Harrisburg, York, Baltimore and Washington.

SECOND TRAIN will leave Gettysburg at 1.20, P. M., arriving at Hanover Junction at 3.15, and connecting with mail train South. Arrive at Baltimore at 5.30 P. M. Arrive at Gettysburg at 6.15 P. M., with passengers from Philadelphia, Harrisburg and the North and West, and also with passengers from Baltimore and Washington by the fast line north, which leaves Baltimore at 12.10 noon.

Passengers can leave Baltimore in the Mail Train at 9 A. M., and arrive in Gettysburg at 1.10 P. M. Or leave Baltimore in the fast line at 12.10 noon, and arrive in Gettysburg at 6.15 P. M. But one change of cars by the first train, either way, viz: at Hanover Junction. The fast line on the Northern Central will not stop at any local stations, except York, Hanover Junction and Parkton. Connections certain. R. McCURDY, Pres't.

Nov. 27, 1865.

Kerosene & Gas Stoves.

TEA AND COFFEE BOILERS, GLUE POTS, OIL CANS, &c., &c.

☞All the Cooking for a family ☞may be done with Kerosene Oil, or Gas, with less trouble, and at less expense, than by any other fuel.

Each Article manufactured by this Company is guaranteed to perform all that is claimed for it.

☞Send for Circular.☜
Liberal Discount to the trade.
KEROSENE LAMP HEATER CO.,
206 *Pearl Street, N. Y.*

July 16, 1866. $10

Groceries—Groceries.

JOHN M. SWAN is constantly adding to his stock of Groceries.

If you want fresh Groceries, call at Swan's.

If you want the best Groceries, call at Swan's.

If you want the cheapest Groceries, call at Swan's.

If you want any article in the Grocery line, call at Swan's.

His stock is always kept full; the quality pleases and his prices captivate. Call and see. [Aug. 13, 1866.

Cooking Stoves

OF every variety, including the "Noble Cook," "Royal Cook," "Waverly," "Ornamental," "Oriental," &c. Also, Tin-ware, Sheet-iron-ware, Hollow-ware, and every variety of Kitchen Furniture—including a variety of Lanterns. Also, a new and much improved Flour Sifter, for sale by

C. H. BUEHLER,
Corner of Carlisle and Railroad sts.,
Feb. 19, 1866. Gettysburg, Pa.

Forwarding and Commission House.

FLOUR AND FEED.
GRAIN AND GROCERIES.

Having purchased the extensive Warehouse, Cars, &c, heretofore owned by Samuel Herbst, we beg leave to inform the public that we are continuing the business at the old stand on the corner of Washington and Railroad streets, on a more extensive scale than heretofore.

We are paying the highest market price for Flour, Grain and all kinds of produce.

Flour and Feed, Salt, and all kinds of Groceries, kept constantly on hand and for sale, cheaper than they can be had anywhere else.

Plaster, and all kinds of fertilizers, constantly on hand, or furnished to order.

☞A regular line of Freight Cars will leave our Warehouse every TUESDAY MORNING, and accommodation trains will be run as occasion may require. By this arrangement we are prepared to convey Freight at all times to and from Baltimore. All business of this kind entrusted to us, will be promptly attended to. Our cars run to the Warehouse of Stevenson & Sons, 165 North Howard street, Baltimore. Being determined to pay good prices, sell cheap and deal fairly, we invite everybody to give us a call.

CULP & EARNSHAW.

Aug. 13, 1866.

Shoes, Gaiters, &c.

JOHN M. REILING, IN CARLISLE STREET, west side, a few doors from the Public Square Gettysburg, has laid in an excellent assortment of Shoes, Gaiters, &c., for

MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN,

which he is offering at the very lowest profits. Having bought for cash, at the latest reduction, he is prepared to offer great bargains.

Boot and Shoe manufacturing carried on at the same place, and the best kind of work made. JOHN M. REILING.

May 14, 1866. tf

Empire Shuttle Sewing Machines

ARE superior to all others for FAMILY AND MANUFACTURING PURPOSES.

Contain all the latest improvements; are speedy; noiseless; durable; and easy to work.

Illustrated Circulars free. Agents wanted. Liberal discount allowed. No consignments made.

Address EMPIRE S. M. CO., 616 Broadway, New York. [Sept. 17, 1866. 1y

Brooms! Brooms!

THE undersigned continues to manufacture Brooms at his old stand in Carlisle street. He will have during the fall a full supply on hand, and will be able to furnish them WHOLESALE OR RETAIL. Brooms made to order or on the shares. Persons having Broom Corn would do well to give him a call.

S. R. TIPTON.

Gettysburg, Sept. 24, 1866. 3m

Selected Poetry.

LITTLE FEET.

Little feet so glad and gay,
Making music all the day;
Tripping merrily along,
Filling all my heart with song;
Well I love your music sweet;
Patter, patter, little feet.

Sometimes anxious, I would know
Just what way these feet must go!
Praying oft that all be fair,
No thorns, no roughness anywhere;
That flowers may spring their steps to greet;
Patter, patter, little feet.

But then I think that some have trod
Through thorns and briers the nearer God;
Though weak in faith, still I would dare
To offer up the earnest prayer
That Christ would choose whate'er is meet;
Patter, patter, little feet.

I press them in my hands to-night,
And kiss them with a new delight,
Believing that where'ere they go,
My tender Lord will lead them so
They'll walk at length the golden street;
Patter, patter, little feet.

Agricultural & Domestic.

ANNUAL ADDRESS

Delivered Before the Adams County Agricultural Society, Sept. 27, 1866,

BY AARON SHEELY, ESQ.

"Go till the ground," said God to man,—
"Subdue the earth it shall be thine."
How grand, how glorious was the plan!
How wise the law divine!

Agriculture is the art of rearing those plants and animals that are best suited to supply the wants of man. A complete history of it from the earliest period down to the present time would be the history of the labors and progress of the human family. The importance of this art appears from its relations to other employments. It is the central wheel in the great industrial machine. Change its motion and you change the action of all the rest. "Agriculture is Industry's eldest child," the primary element of social organization, and the foundation of prosperity, order and civil institutions. It feeds the hungry, clothes the naked, and "causes the desolate heart to shout for joy." How have its blessings clustered around the social fireside, making the domestic altar vocal with praise and thanksgiving!

We are here, my friends, to advance an art coeval with the existence of the human race—an art which employs millions of our population, and two-thirds of all the capital of this fair land—an art which lies at the very foundation of national and individual prosperity and wealth, the basis of commerce, of manufactures, and of all industrial pursuits. It is true that while population was sparse, and while man depended for his existence, first on game and the spontaneous productions of the earth, and then on herds and flocks, this art made but little progress. The tropical climate, where the infancy of man seems to have been cradled, would appear also to have led him to defer the necessity of much attention to it. Very soon, however, the diversity of population necessitated its development, since we find that the Egyptians, at the earliest period to which history reaches, were already skillful agriculturists, and had carried the art to such a pitch of perfection as not only to have sustained their own numerous population, but to have made Egypt the granary of the world. A high state of civilization, and a high development of Agricultural resources, must necessarily go together. Civilization in its highest degree, cannot exist without dense population; nor dense population without calling to its aid the highest resources of agriculture.

We are emphatically an agricultural people—our habits and our dispositions are rural.

Our country embraces every variety of soil and climate, and is capable of producing most of the products of the torrid and temperate zones; and with a suitable application of science to this art, a wise division of labor, and proper energy, there is no reason why American Agriculture may not compete with that of any other nation of the civilized world.

Antiquity of Agriculture.—Agriculture ought to be venerated for its antiquity. Its origin has priority over all other arts, occupations and sciences. From the day when the *fiat* went forth "In the sweat of thy face shalt thou eat thy bread," Agriculture took its place among the arts of the world.

Twice in the history of the world has the human race consisted of a single family, conducting all the arts of life, and depending exclusively upon this primeval pursuit for support. In every age of the world its praises have been celebrated in poetry and song. The Scriptures also abound in illustrations and scenes from pastoral life. The rewards of this art have blessed the past, and its promises gild the future.

This fact alone should give it a prominent place in our affections. The individual who attempts to cast reproach upon it, or to bring it into disrepute, is hardly human;—he is not only destitute of all moral feeling and perception, but he is guilty of a species of impiety. It is an attribute of our nature that we venerate the institutions of Heaven. Agriculture is one of these institutions. It is the first of them. It was on the very completion of the material creation that God placed man in the Garden of Paradise to dress and to keep it. The great progenitor of our race received his commission to till the ground beneath the delightful bowers of Eden, where "fragrant odors and spicy aromas floated on every breeze, and on the very day of nature's grand Jubilee, when the morning stars sang together and shouted their anthems of praise to the Almighty Ruler of the Universe."

Progress of Agriculture.—Four centuries have not yet elapsed since the existence of the New World became known to Columbus. Eternal and majestic forests *then* covered a great portion of its surface. Its noble rivers were navigated only by the beardless son of the forest in his frail canoe, and the Red Man, with untutored mind, was monarch of all he surveyed.

Then profound quiet and stillness reigned over all these hills and valleys, except when it was broken by the wild whoop of the Indian; by the murmuring of waters, by the howling of wild beasts, or by the chirping and twittering of birds. *Then* Agriculture was only practiced by the wives of the Indians, in limited areas of tobacco, beans, pumpkins and maize, without the aid of domestic animals, or any implements, except such as nature offered. The women also dressed the food—took charge of the domestic concerns, and performed all the drudgery connected with their household affairs.

But what a change! Heralded by the woodman's axe, and the crash of falling trees, civilization and refinement took up their abode where rudeness and barbarity prevailed before. *Now* we behold a glorious scene. Cities, towns and villages, with their industrious and intelligent inhabitants, spread an air of refinement and comfort around them. Beautiful and productive farms are now to be seen on every hand. The waste hunting ground is converted into the fruitful farm and the population of foreign nations receive the superabundance of the American soil, in exchange for the products of their respective climes. But what has brought about this pleasing and happy change? Ah! it is to our systems of popular education, which so wisely and so liberally provide for the young and rising generation, that America owes its superiority and supremacy—that independence of spirit—that hatred of wrong and oppression—that ardent love of liberty which characterize us as a people.

Though identified with the schools, and school interests of the county, it is not my purpose to say much on the subject of education on this occasion. But you will pardon me for adverting to it in a general way, since Agriculture and Civilization owe so much of their progress and development to popular education.

The strongest bulwark—the surest passport to the permanence and prosperity of our glorious Union will be found in providing sound and useful instruction for the people. With the education and enlightenment of the masses, what shall hinder our country from advancing to that eminence of national greatness and happiness, beyond which national happiness cannot extend. The Bible, too, and the institutions of Christianity are with us, and are presenting to us all the blessings which religion can impart. Truly ours is a favored land—our lines are cast in pleasant places.

Position of the Farmer.—What, it may be asked, is the position of the American Farmer, when compared with that of the merchant, the politician, the lawyer and the physician? Should he be content with his labor for himself and his children? Or should he leave his occupation and adopt some other? Like many other occupations, that of the farmer has its *dark*, as well as its *bright* side. And to decide on its comparative advantages, we must inquire *what* is the object of man's existence, and how shall he attain the end of his being?

To these questions, history and revelation, the world around us, as well as the spirit within us, answer, that the object of man's existence is happiness—happiness here, and happiness hereafter. And the condition of that happiness is the diligent and proper exercise of his affections and faculties. The first thing to be desired in the pursuit of happiness is health.

To be happy is the object of life, and all that the world can give toward it, is health and competence. "Health of body is above all riches, and a strong body is above infinite wealth." And where is health to be found? Look around you, and you will get the answer. Look around on an assembly from the rural districts of the country, and we shall see bright eyes and blooming cheeks, as well as strong arms and vigorous bodies, giving testimony that earth's first blessing is bestowed upon those who labor upon her bosom. But health is often undervalued by its possessor, or only appreciated when lost. Such a priceless boon as this should be well preserved and cherished.

But health and the conveniences of life are not all that a man requires to make him happy. He desires to be useful; he wishes to be esteemed. And what occupation can boast of a higher claim to utility than that of the farmer? The greater part of mankind must be agriculturists, and on *their* characters the well-being of every state must depend. Our free institutions are valued, but how shall they be preserved? By the virtue of the people. History gives no other answer. No truth is more clearly emblazoned on her pages than that if a nation would be free, the people must be intelligently virtuous.

But let no other calling or pursuit of honest industry be despised or envied. One cannot say unto another, "I have no need of thee." To each of us there are compensations made that should render us satisfied with our lot.

Envy not the wealth of the merchant; it has been acquired by anxieties that you never knew, and is held by so frail a tenure as to deprive its possessor of perfect security and perfect peace. *He* feels that an hour may strip him of his possessions and turn him and his family on the world in debt and penury. The reward of *your* labor is sure.

Envy not the learning of the scholar. The hue on his cheek, and his care-worn brow, testify of the vigils by which it has been attained. He has grown pale over the midnight lamp. He has been shut up from the prospect of nature, while sound sleep and refreshing breezes have been your portion and your health.

Envy not the politician. His name is in every one's mouth. His reputation may be the property of his country, but envy and detraction have marked him. His plans are thwarted, his principles assailed, his motives misrepresented.—And if he attain to the highest station, it is but to feel that his power only enables him to make ungrateful friends, and hundreds his enemies, for every favor he can bestow.

Envy no one. The situation of an independent farmer stands among the first for happiness and virtue. It is the one to which statesmen and warriors have retired, to find, in the contemplation of the works of nature, that serenity which more conspicuous stations could not impart.

"The fall of kings,
The rage of nations, and the crush of states
Move not the man who, from the world escap'd,
In still retreats and flowery solitudes,
To nature's voice attends."

Independence of Farmers.—Let us next look at the independence of the farmer. It has been said, and truthfully, I think, that the farmer is the most independent man in existence. True, he may work hard, rise early and retire late—have brawny arms and a sunburnt face—and may wear clothes of a coarse texture;—but after the labor of the day is completed, he is literally at rest, and becomes refreshed by a night of sound sleep—not disturbed by dreams of bankruptcy among his debtors, or of solicitude for means to make his cash balance good the following day. It is a wise providence that the bread, and the meat, and the vegetables of our own raising are peculiarly sweet. This is an inducement for cheerful industry, as well as a rich reward for labor already performed.

And, while laboring, with what admiration does the husbandman gaze upon his waving corn, his bleating flocks, his clustering trees, his neat cottage, and a thousand other things that fill his soul with gratitude and praise.

That man may be the envy of Kings, with a landed title more secure than the thrones on which they sit. In the language of Shakspeare, he may truly say, "I am a true Laborer. I earn that I eat, get that I wear, owe no man hate, envy no man's happiness, glad with every man's good, and content with my own farm."

Such a man's food is wet with no tears, is cankered with no fraud, is stained with no blood. And he may rationally add, "I love the country—the green open country; and would rather go forth with spade in hand and earn that I eat than chew the food of idleness, or bask in the smiles of fashion. My theatre is the country—my dome is the heavens—my curtain the dark blue sky—the sweet-scented honeysuckle and the green grass are the carpet on which I tread."

"How blest the farmer's simple life!
How pure the joy it yields!
Far from the world's tempestuous strife,
Free 'mid the scented fields!"

Mental Improvement.—Farmers often complain that they are deficient in education. For this there is no necessity. Let them support and improve good common schools. Let them avail themselves of the other means of mental improvement within their reach, and they will acquire an education adequate for any occasion they will be called to meet; and they will occupy a position in society occupied by no other class of men. Farmers, as well as others, have a large amount of leisure. The evenings themselves afford an average of three hours each for one-half of the year. This in the 35 years between the ages of 15 and 50, is sufficient, if properly applied, for the acquisition of a vast amount of useful knowledge from books and study. Valuable as these evenings are, they are but a fraction—a small fraction—of what is within the reach of every farmer. Let this time be spent in the cultivation of their minds—in laying up stores of useful knowledge.

I have already alluded to the benefits of the common school. They make a good foundation for subsequent mental culture. Then by all means let the leisure time of farmers be spent in reading good books, good family Newspapers and Agricultural periodicals, and in studying at least the general principles of the Sciences. A year of such reading will be of incalculable value.

Agricultural Societies.—Agriculture, I am happy to say, is in the ascendant.—It is every year becoming more and more an object of general interest. The Spirit of inquiry and enterprise in this direction was never more general or encouraging than it is at the present time.

The Agricultural Department, at our National Capital, is a powerful agency for its improvement and advancement. A vast amount of valuable information is annually collected, arranged, published and scattered broadcast over the country for the benefit of the public. The Government, *also*, at immense cost, annually distributes, gratuitously, large quantities of seeds, cuttings and plants to those who are willing to receive them and give a trial. Societies for the improvement and advancement of the several departments of human industry have been established in all the States and in most of the counties. Many of these societies hold annual exhibitions, where are exhibited the various products of the field, the orchard, the garden; the best and most improved kinds of stock—the various approved kinds of farming implements and machinery.

Where else do we see such an aggregate of mechanical genius, of rural enterprise, and even of female beauty, as upon these occasions?

These annual exhibitions have become the pleasantest holidays of the whole year.

O, how many enduring friendships and pleasing associations are formed at these annual gatherings.

By all means then let them be kept up.

Conclusion.—But, in the language of Webster, "What are lands, and seas, and skies, to civilized man, without society, without knowledge, without morals, without religious culture?" These can only be enjoyed, in all their extent and excellence, under the protection of wise institutions and a free government.

A few years ago a dark cloud overshadowed this beautiful, this fair land of ours. Consternation, fear, anxiety, hope and joy alternately agitated the minds and hearts of our people. Sorrow and anguish took up their abode in many a household where joy and happiness reigned before. But the dayspring from on high at length opened upon us her glittering portals.

The genius of victory at length perched upon our banners and stamped upon our glorious flag the seal of omnipotence. In the language of another, "this lovely land, this glorious liberty, these benign institutions—the dear purchase of our fathers—are ours—ours to enjoy—ours to preserve—ours to transmit." May we prove ourselves worthy guardians of a sacred trust. Let us foster and cherish a spirit of conciliation and mutual forbearance in this hour of fierce passion and strife. Let us subdue and hold in proper subjection the evil dispositions and feelings that so often strive for the mastery. Let us endeavor to act wisely and faithfully in the relations which we sustain to ourselves, to each other, and to the world. It should be the prayer of every true American that the sun of prosperity may long continue to shed its enlivening beams on these re-united, free and happy States—that the pure and sacred flame of Liberty may long shed its radiance in our holy temple, thus promoting the lasting reign of Peace and Righteousness.

Choice Miscellany.

Text.—If our Maker thought it wrong for Adam to live single when there was not a woman upon the earth, how criminally guilty are old bachelors, with the world full of pretty girls.

Comment—John Fish advertises in the Manchester *Mirror* that "he cannot live with his wife, as she keeps him continually in hot water, and acts like the devil." John is excusable—no fish can live in hot water.

A woman out West, describing her runaway husband, says: "Daniel may be known by a scar on the nose—where I scratched him." We think Daniel did well to run away.

A man named Devlin, in Maine, has lodged a complaint against his wife for playing practical jokes on him while drunk. We advise her to quit her *Devlin.*

☞The Portland *Argus* tells a story of one Mr. Hanscomb and one Mr. Wiggins, living at the west end of that city, who went to a political celebration and drank too much champaigne. They came home jolly, and arrived first at Mr. Hanscomb's dwelling, who called out in a loud voice, "Mrs. Hanscomb! Mrs. Hanscomb! please come and pick out Mr. Hanscomb, because Mr. Wiggins wants to go home!"

Two of 'Em.—A young fellow whose better half had just presented him with a pair of bouncing twins, attended church one Sunday. During the discourse, the clergyman looked right at our innocent friend and said, in a tone of thrilling eloquence, "Young man, you have an important responsibility thrust upon you." The newly fledged dad, supposing that the preacher alluded to his peculiar home event, considerably startled the audience by exclaiming, "Yes, I have two of them."

☞"Well, Tom," said a blacksmith to his apprentice, "you have been with me now three months, and have seen all the different points in our trade. I wish to give you your choice of work for a while."

"Thank'ee, sir."

"Well, now, what part of the business do you like best?"

"Shuttin' up shop and goin' to dinner, sir."

More Domestic Relations.—Do you know what relation the door mat is to the foot-scrape? Don't tell anybody. *A step farther.*

METEORIC SHOWERS, OR "SHOOTING STARS."

It seems to be the general impression of scientific men that a meteoric shower may be expected on the morning of November 13th, and as such a sight is only witnessed once in an ordinary generation, we have concluded to give our readers such information on the subject as we chance to possess. The foundation for the belief that this phenomenon may be expected on the 13th, is the fact that a similar phenomenon occurred on the 13th of November, 1800, and on the 13th of November, 1833—at an interval of thirty-three years—which, if there be any fixed rules governing their recurrence, will bring it upon the 13th of November, 1866.

On the morning of the 13th of November, 1833, we learn from Olmsted's Astronomy, from two o'clock until broad day-light, the sky being perfectly serene and cloudless, the whole heavens were lighted with a magnificent display of celestial-fire works. At times the air was filled with streaks of light, occasioned by fiery particles darting down so swiftly as to leave the impression of their light upon the eye (like a match ignited and whirled before the face,) and drifting to the northwest like flakes of snow driven by the wind; while, at short intervals, balls of fire, varying in size from minute points to bodies larger than Jupiter and Venus, and in a few instances as large as the full moon, descended more slowly along the arch of the sky, often leaving after them long trains of light, which were in some instances variegated with different prismatic colors.

On tracing back the lines of direction in which the meteors moved, it was found that they all appeared to radiate from the same point, which was situated near one of the stars of the sickle, in the Constellation "Leo;" and in every repetition of the meteoric shower, the radiant point has occupied nearly the same situation.

This shower pervaded nearly the whole of North America, having appeared in almost equal splendor from the British possessions of the North to the West India Islands and Mexico on the South, and from sixty degrees of longitude east of the American coast, quite to the Pacific ocean on the west. Throughout this immense region the duration was nearly the same. The meteors began to attract attention by their unusual frequency and brilliancy, from nine to twelve o'clock in the evening; were striking in their appearance from two to four; arrived at their maximum, in many places, about four o'clock, and continued until rendered invisible by the light of day.

Some authorities fix the date of the first recorded meteoric shower on November 12th, 1799, instead of 1800, and consequently fix the time for its recurrence on November 12th, 1867—being an interval of thirty-four, instead of thirty-three years. We leave time and the astronomers to determine which calculation is the most correct.

Astronomers seem to agree that these periodical meteors have their origin beyond the atmosphere, descending to us from some nebulous body with which the earth falls in, and near or through the borders of which it passes; and that this nebulous body has an independent existence as a member of the solar system, with regular periods of revolution. It is further established that these meteors consist of light combustible matter; that they move with great velocity, amounting in some instances to nineteen miles in a second; that some of them are bodies of large size, sometimes several thousand feet in diameter; that when they enter the atmosphere, they rapidly and powerfully condense the air before them, and thus elicit the heat that sets them on fire; and they are burned up at considerable height above the earth, sometimes not less than thirty miles.

The "show" will be a free one, and of course everybody will remain awake to see it. If the scene is anything to be compared with that of November, 1833, it will well repay a night's watching. On the occasion alluded to, many thought the end of the world had come, while the more superstitious were stricken dumb with fear. We remember one amusing incident we have heard related of an old gentleman who was so alarmed that he ran out of the house without completing his toilet, and there in a fit of hysterics was dodging here and there to escape what he supposed to be the falling cinders of a burning world. His wife called to him to quit his nonsense, come in and put on his breeches. "Breeches, thunder!" he exclaimed, "what's the use of breeches when the world's burning up?"—*Carlisle Volunteer.*

☞The shameless hypocrisy of the Republican leaders in professing to be the "*soldiers' friends*," was truthfully exhibited in reference to the soldiers at the Carlisle Garrison. They used every effort to prevent them from voting—knowing that a large majority of them would vote the Democratic ticket;—and finally succeeded in procuring an order that none should leave the Garrison on election day. A little timely information forwarded to Washington, however, soon set the matter right. How the home-guard veterans did chuckle when they thought they had deprived the members of the permanent company of their votes. The order was read on dress-parade, on Sunday prior to the election, and there was a joyful flutter in the radical nest all Sunday afternoon and evening. The smirking and smiling young enthusiasts who run the radical machine never seemed to think that there was a higher power than the commandant of Carlisle Garrison, and when they awakened to the fact they seemed to be quite chop-fallen.

The soldiers got the votes they were entitled to, and now the *Herald* has the effrontery to speak of "the fraudulent voting of the soldiers at the United States Garrison." Shame on you, Marion Weakley! Shame on you, Albert K. Rheem! You who had not the courage yourselves to take up arms in defence of your country, you who bought yourselves free of government service by payment of three hundred dollars each; you who profess to be the "soldiers' friends"—shame on you that you would seek unjustly to deprive those of their votes who volunteered in defence of the flag, and that you now denounce them as having violated the laws and cast fraudulent votes! Young gentlemen, you had better look to your own records. If the men who periled life and limb are not entitled to vote when at home in their proper election districts, think you that yourselves, who evaded the responsibility which the government placed upon you, have a right to the elective franchise? We have had enough of this shameless hypocrisy, and it is high time the self-conceit of the young gentlemen who aspire to lead the radicals of Cumberland county would permit them just for once, to see themselves as others see them.—*Carlisle Volunteer.*

A Singular Place to Sup.—The Worcester (Mass.) Spy says that on Tuesday afternoon the chimney—one hundred and fifty feet in height—which the Messrs. Lapham, of Milbury, had erected for their mill, was completed, and a party of some twenty-five or more of the workmen on the premises, partook of an oyster supper upon the summit. The day after the chimney came to the ground, injuring severely, if not fatally, Wm. Spencer, who was employed near the base. The fall is supposed to have been owing in part to the fact that the mortar had not sufficient time to become thoroughly dry.

☞A rich old bachelor was found dead in a room, recently, in St. Louis. He was worth a hundred and fifty thousand dollars. It is supposed he died of cholera morbus or remorse of conscience. Rich old bachelors will take notice and "govern themselves accordingly."

☞A female school teacher, in her advertisement, stated that she was "complete mistress of her own tongue." "If that's the case," said a caustic old bachelor, "she can't ask too much for her services."

The Compiler.

GETTYSBURG, PA.

Monday Morning, Nov. 5, 1866.

BALTIMORE.

The Police Commissioners Removed.

Gov. Swann, after hearing all the evidence, and giving it impartial consideration, on Thursday removed the Baltimore Police Commissioners, for misconduct in office, and appointed James Young and Wm. T. Valliant in their stead.

The announcement of the removal caused much excitement among the Radicals in Baltimore, they announcing that the new Board should not act. Gen. Grant visited the city on Thursday afternoon, and his presence there seemed to have a good effect. The Radicals lowered their tone, anyhow—evidently fearing the power of "the Government," should they invoke it upon their heads by open rebellion. An extra force of U. S. troops are quartered at Fort McHenry.

—The new Board were sworn in on Friday, and the Sheriff appointed a large number of special deputies to maintain the peace, should the old Commissioners refuse to surrender the offices, stations, &c., to their successors.

The old Board largely increased the police force, no doubt hoping to hold their offices by so doing.

It was announced that the new Commissioners would make a formal demand on Saturday morning for the station houses and other property, with all the arms, &c., belonging to the force. This demand, it was understood, would be enforced by the Sheriff, with a large posse. It was thought the old Commissioners would still refuse—and if so, what then?

We earnestly hope for the preservation of the peace, and cannot think that it will be seriously disturbed. But if it is, let those who rebel against the "powers that be," take the consequences.

A NICE FIGHT.

It is well known that Col. F. S. Stumbaugh, member elect of the Legislature from this county, is an ardent friend of Simon Cameron, and it is generally supposed has long since pledged his support to that gentleman for the position of United States Senator. The chief editor of the *Repository*, Col. McClure, being a Curtin man and deadly hostile to Cameron, it was thought at one time prior to the election that he and his friends would make an effort to defeat Stumbaugh at the polls. But this project, if ever entertained, was evidently abandoned, as the *brown tickets* voted by the chiefs and employees of the *Repository* office will bear testimony.

But as developments since have proved the fight did not end here. The brown ticket business was merely a suspension of hostilities. The election being over, the hero of "Rutherford's Lane" seemed as determined as ever to head off the hero of "Shiloh" on the Senatorial question. He circulated a petition among his friends, and had it numerously signed, addressed to the Chairman of the County Committee, who in compliance with its request called the committee together to consult as to the propriety of calling a county convention to instruct our members as to the choice of this county for Senator. The committee met and decided by a vote of 15 to 1 in favor of a convention for this purpose, to be held on the 11th of next month. This was what might be called a successful flank movement on our gallant friend who won and lost his stars during the late war. The strategy of "Rutherford's Lane" so far, is decidedly ahead. "Go in, Betsy, go in, bear, we don't care a darn which whips."—*Chambersburg Spirit.*

We doubt not that this movement is also intended to have weight with the bogus Senator. The Republican Convention of Adams, in August last, instructed for Curtin, notwithstanding McConaughy's known strong preference for Cameron, and should Franklin now instruct in the same way, would he continue to adhere to the Winnebago, in defiance of the will of his party in both the counties composing the Senatorial district? He would be placed in a "tight fix," and McClure is evidently chuckling over it in advance.

WHO PAYS?

The newspapers recently recorded the fact that a Massachusetts manufacturing company has just declared a dividend of one hundred per cent. on a year's profits, after reserving surplus enough to enlarge and improve their mill. Another important fact, bearing upon this point, is the announcement of a woolen manufacturer in the same State, that before the war it cost him $3,50 to make a yard of cloth which he sold for $4, and that now he sells at $8 per yard what only costs him $4 to produce. These manufacturers make goods for the million, and their enormous profits account, in some measure, for the present extraordinary high price of the fabrics used by the masses. In the face of this state of things, the Radicals of New England are loudly clamoring for more protection, and want a higher tariff solely as a means of increasing their profits. The wants and necessities of poorer classes are unheeded by these cormorants, and the actual cost of living is advanced to a standard which calls for immediate reform. How long will the people be satisfied with Radical rule?

The grand jury of the Criminal Court of Baltimore City have presented three judges and two clerks of the Fourth Precinct of the twentieth Ward, for making fraudulent returns of the late mayoralty election. It appears that the official return for that precinct gave Mr. Harvey, the Conservative candidate, only 22 votes, whereas 47 persons who reside in the precinct, and who were registered in 1866, have made affidavit that they voted for Mr. Harvey. As charges of similar frauds in other precincts are alleged, it is not improbable that further presentments may be made.

B. F. Butler, of Massachusetts, recently made a speech in Chicago, in which he discussed the propriety of impeaching the President, and strongly urged that infamous measure upon his Radical friends in Congress. Butler gave no reason whatever to justify the course he advised, and only made himself ridiculous by a foolish exhibition of partisan meanness and malignity.

The Radicals, with a view of perpetuating their power, are trying to get up soldier organizations of a permanent character. Conservative soldiers, beware of Radical niggerite traps.

Senator Wright, of New Jersey, died on Thursday last.

BOTTS COULDN'T STAND IT.

John M. Botts, a shrewd political trimmer, who attended the late black and tan convention at Philadelphia, became disgusted with the vile hypocrisy of his leading associates in that body, and refused to accompany them on their electioneering tour to the tomb of President Lincoln. He denounces them in the bitterest terms. We are not surprised at this, for although disposed to accommodate himself to circumstances, Botts is not capable of the villainy of Brownlow, Jack Hamilton, &c., who, as a contemporary remarks, desire that the Governments of the Southern States shall be abolished, and new ones organized upon the basis of negro suffrage. These contemptible knaves, knowing that they have no chance of getting the votes of white men, probably imagine that if they can get the right of suffrage conferred upon the negroes, they will have a reasonable show for public office. This is the whole secret of their scheme. They want the present State Governments broken up so that vacancies in the State and Federal offices will be created immediately, and the right of suffrage for the negro so that they may be elected to fill them. They seem to be possessed with the delusion that if the negroes are allowed to vote they will certainly vote for them, but it might happen that they would find themselves mistaken. It does not necessarily follow that because a negro can vote, he will prefer a dishonest and Radical knave to a reputable man. The majority of negroes in respect to morality and decency have a very decided advantage over the so-called Southern loyalists. Indeed, it is not unlikely that they would take one of their own number in preference. Of course no respectable negro would vote for one of these loyalists, and the negro votes would, therefore, in most cases, be cast for some decent white man or intelligent darkey. The loyalists are counting their chickens before they are hatched. Their schemes will not do, as they will surely find if the experiment they propose is made.

A NICE PARTY.

The Radicals who look upon the Baltimore Police Commissioners as pinks of propriety, will be edified by the testimony last week heard by Governor Swann. Some of the appointments as election officers made by the Commissioners are of the most delectable character, as witness the testimony of Wm. J. Smith:

"Know a Judge named Wm. Divers; he lives on the Causeway and keeps a bawdy house; know Judge Wm. Lynch; he was indicted for murder; know Judge Joseph Buck; he was compelled to leave the city for 'stripping' soldiers during the war; know Judge Wm. Brady; I arrested him for the murder of Hugh Morgan; know Wm. Richardson; he was appointed Judge, but did not act; he was indicted for murder; he was also arrested for having murdered one man and shooting two others; know James Manly, special policeman; he was in the penitentiary; he lives on the Causeway with his wife, and keeps a bawdy-house; know George Snyder, a 'special;' he was in the penitentiary; know L. Gray, who was arrested for the murder of his wife; know Gus. May, a special; he is classed as a rough; know Frederick Diver, *alias* Feller; he lives with a woman who keeps a bawdy house; all the judges are known as Radicals; don't know of any Conservative Judge or Clerk; Gray was arrested for killing his wife; he told me he caught her in the room with another man and knocked her in the head; know James Manly; he served about six months in the army; don't know that his wife saved the 6th Massachusetts regiment on the 19th of April, 1861; the Second ward is a notorious rough ward; it is notorious that Mr. Manly keeps a bawdy house; does not consider Gray a respectable man; Gray was notorious as a constable; he could get no one to go on his bond."

A nice party to have control of the ballot-boxes!

THE REASON OF IT.

The Radical proposition to "drench the streets of Baltimore with blood" has awakened considerable inquiry into the motives which incited these revolutionists to inaugurate a new civil war. This examination has made plain their object. They know that if all the legal voters in Baltimore exercise the elective franchise at the next election, they will be overwhelmingly defeated at the polls. In that city they can cast only five thousand votes in a poll of at least forty thousand, and hence they propose to carry the election by refusing to permit the duly qualified electors to enjoy their rights as American freemen. If they could succeed in keeping Conservative votes out of the ballot-box, they could easily carry the State and renew their infamous lease of power in Maryland. "That's what's the matter."

Prosecuted.—The Abolition portion of the Election Board of Fayetteville District, to wit, John Benedict and John Snyder, have been held to answer at the next Court of Quarter Sessions, for refusing the ballots of alleged deserters at that poll, at the late election. These gentlemen will thus have an opportunity of paying the penalty for violating the law, as laid down by the Supreme Court in the case of Reilly vs. Huber. They richly deserve punishment, as it was a clear case of "sinning against light and knowledge."—*Chambersburg Spirit.*

Death of an Aged Minister.—Rev. Samuel Helfenstein, the oldest minister in the German Reformed Church of the United States, died in Philadelphia, on the 17th ult., aged ninety-two years. His funeral took place on the following Monday. Probably Rev. Helfenstien was known personally to every German Reformed congregation in existence in Pennsylvania during his active ministry, he having been prominent in all the operations of the denomination to which he belonged.

The Taxation of Shoemakers.—By the recent Internal Revenue law, boot or shoemakers engaged upon custom work, only are exempted from taxation if their work, exclusive of materials, does not exceed in value $1,000 annually. Upon this subject the Commissioner of Internal Revenue has just decided that returns must be made of the cost of the materials used, and also of the value of the sales of boots and shoes, and if the difference amounts to more than $1,000 annually, the shoemaker is to be taxed the same as any other manufacturer. The Assessor can demand these returns monthly, but he is to make no assessment until the amount reaches $1,000 annually, when he can assess the back returns and collect the tax upon the aggregate.

THE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—LETTER FROM HON. O. H. BROWNING.

The *National Intelligencer* contains a letter of Hon. O. H. Browning, of which it says, editorially:

"We call attention to the letter from the Hon O. H. Browning, addressed to a committee at Quincy, Illinois, in reply to an invitation to address his friends and neighbors on the political issues of the day. It is a calm and powerful argument against the Constitutional amendment, and a triumphant vindication of the restoration policy of Presidents Lincoln and Johnson. The Radical press has filled the air with rumors that the President intends to abandon the Constitution, because a majority of Congress has abandoned it. This letter is the voice of one of his most trusted advisers, assuring the country of the firm and immutable purpose of the President, as 'the executive head of the nation, to maintain and preserve the Constitution as it is.'"

From the letter itself we take the following brief extracts. Of the proposed Constitutional amendments, Mr. Browning writes:

I can see no good to result from the proposed amendments. I see much evil. We had better adhere to the form of government which our fathers gave us. It is, in my judgment, the most perfect political production of human wisdom and patriotism. For three quarters of a century it secured us unexampled prosperity and happiness, and at the end of that time enabled us to meet and overcome the most stupendous rebellion in the history of nations. Why change it? For seventy-five years we have hardly known that we had a Government.—When we did know it, we knew it only by its beneficence. And it has shown itself as strong as beneficent—capable of successful resistance to the fiercest and most desperate assaults that it is possible to make upon a government. Why change it just as it has vindicated its power and glory, and lifted us to an eminence among the nations of the earth we never till now attained?

We have tried the old Constitution and know its capabilities. We have not tried the new, as proposed, but can readily see the confusion and disaster which it would bring. We had better let well enough alone. But, if we should change it at all, we should not change it now. The public temper was never less auspicious to calm, conscientious, wise consideration of great questions of State. Passion and prejudice should never lay rude hands upon fundamental and organic laws. In a day they may do mischief which years of repentant patriotic labor will not repair. In a day they may open a Pandora box which the patriotism and statesmanship of a century may not be able to shut.

I do not regard the recent and pending elections as indicative of the judgment of the people of the Northern States upon the Constitutional amendments. They are really not the issues presented to and considered by the people. They have not been calmly and dispassionately discussed and reflected upon. The people have had their fears alarmed and their prejudices and passions aroused, and perhaps never voted under more delusive ideas as to the character of the issues before the country.

Our country is in peril—in very great peril—not from a public enemy, but from the violence of our own passions. Safety is to be found only in a strict adherence to the Constitution and laws. As long as they are obeyed no evil can come upon us. We are in danger only when we attempt something they do not sanction. I trust it will be the pride and glory of the friends of the Administration, in the threatening contests through which we are passing, to keep their passions in subjection to reason, and to do no act not fully warranted by the Constitution and laws. Ours is a republican Government where the majority has a right to rule. Minorities cannot, without subverting the Government. And when, according to the forms prescribed, the will of the majority is expressed in the Constitution or the law, it is the duty of all to submit to it, until it can be fairly and Constitutionally changed. Such I know to be the President's intentions, and such I know he wishes to be the rule of conduct for his friends and supporters. No man has a profounder reverence for the Constitution than he, and his purpose as the Executive head of the nation to maintain and preserve it as it is until it be changed in the form prescribed by it, is firm and immutable. He is not brave enough wilfully to violate it. He is brave enough to uphold and defend it in all that his duty requires.

GOOD TIDINGS FROM OHIO.

The returns of the late election in Ohio have just come to hand, and make a gratifying exhibit for the Conservatives.—The total vote polled was 469,908, which is but 817 less than that cast at the Presidential election in 1864, including the 31,146 soldiers' votes given for Lincoln; these 469,908 votes were divided thus:

Democratic	213,606
Republican	256,302
Republican majority	42,696

In 1864, Lincoln's majority over McClellan was 59,586, which, it will be seen, the Democrats have just reduced by the handsome figure of *sixteen thousand eight hundred and ninety*, which is equivalent to 28½ per cent. But this is not the whole story. By a comparison of the vote of each party this year with that of 1864, it is found that the Democrats have just polled a larger vote than they did two years ago, while that of the Republicans this year is smaller than it was at the Presidential election. Look at the figures;

	Dem.	Rep.
1864	205,668	265,154
1866	213,606	256,302
Democratic gain in 1866		8,038
Republican loss in 1866		8,548

Still more important is the patent fact that nearly all of this Democratic gain must have come from the Republican ranks, for, by adding the loss of the one to the gain of the other, the sum is found to be 16,586, which varies but very little from the difference between the Republican majorities of 1866 and 1864. Hence it is plain that, while the increase in the Democratic vote may be, in some measure, due to the natural growth of the population, the great bulk of it was formed by converts from the Republican party. We beg to commend these figures to the observation of our Radical contemporaries, not, however, without adding that a proportionate change in the vote of this State two weeks hence, as compared with that in 1864, will make John T. Hoffman our next Governor. More than that, such a change, or any greater, is now working. Mark the result.—*N. Y. World.*

The New York *World* thus sums up the recent contest in Indiana. It shows a good balance sheet for the Conservatives:

The official returns of the recent election in Indiana, when compared with the returns of the last election in that State (1864,) show great gains on the side of the Conservatives, as may be seen from the following table;

	1864.	1866.
Democratic,	131,201	155,399
Republican,	152,084	170,018
Total,	283,285	325,417

These figures furnish the important information that while the total vote of the State this year exceeds that of 1864 by 42,132, the Democratic gain is 24,198, while the Republican is only 14,619, a difference of nearly ten thousand votes in favor of the Conservatives. This is the more significant when it is remembered that two years ago soldiers were imported from other States who voted not merely once, but again and again, and to such an extent was this outrage perpetrated that the men vied with each other as to who could vote the most frequently.

But aside from the increase in the Democratic vote, there is a marked decrease in the Republican majority. In 1864 it was 20,883; this year it is but 14,619—a reduction of thirty per cent. These facts the Radicals of course ignore. And they are wise in so doing, for they show the steady growth of conservative sentiment, which is sure, ultimately, to culminate in victory.

GENERAL ITEMS.

Mr. Biershing, the Mayor of Hagerstown, has instituted suit against the editors of the *Herald and Torch* for libel.

General Sweeney, of Fenian fame, has asked to be restored to his rank in the regular army.

A wealthy planter of Mississippi is at New York urging emigrants to go South instead of West.

A Providence man has sold a paper collar and bosom patent for $300,000.

From two bushels of Kentucky white wheat, sown last fall, Mr. John Burns, of Jefferson county, Va., had a yield of sixty-two bushels and thirty pounds of merchantable wheat.

It is stated that Governor Wells and Judge Howell, of Louisiana, have determined to reconvene the Convention of 1864. The meeting of this Convention was prevented in New Orleans last July by a terrible riot.

A wallet containing a valuable diamond ring and two dollars in money was recently taken from the stomach of an Ohio river catfish.

The people of Victoria, Vancouver's Island, have petitioned Queen Victoria to allow the colony to withdraw from the British and annex itself to the United States government.

Governor Orr, of South Carolina, authorizes a statement that he is opposed to the Constitutional amendment, and will not urge its adoption.

It is reported from Washington, that the Belgian Legion, of Maximilian's army, was cut to pieces in a late engagement near the city of Mexico. A letter from Vera Cruz, Oct. 12, states that General Castelneau, Napoleon's agent, brought advice to Maximilian to abdicate, and orders to Bazaine to withdraw his troops immediately and go home to France.

The New York Journal of Commerce reports that the traffic in "skunk skins" amounts to quite a handsome sum annually. The article in question, however, is by no manner of means sold as a skunk skin, because in this case it is self-evident that a "rose by another name would smell as sweet;" and the skillful furrier, therefore announces it under some taking title, such as "Prairie Badger" or "Mountain Otter."

Gen. Sherman earnestly supports the President's policy.

Miss Fannie Seward, youngest child of Hon. Wm. H. Seward, died at Washington on Wednesday morning.

The well known frontiersman, Kit Carson, who has been in the service of the United States ever since the conquest of California, has been appointed Lieutenant Colonel of a battalion of New Mexican volunteers. The battalion was recently organized and mustered into the service for the purpose of operating against the Indians.

Fenian meetings have been held at Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago and Louisville, to denounce the conviction of Lynch and McMahon, in Canada, and to take such steps as may be necessary, either to secure their release, or to avenge them.

The Washington correspondent of the New York *Times* states that General Sherman has accepted the military and diplomatic mission to Mexico, and will accompany the Hon. Lewis D. Campbell, the Minister to that country.

Two of the Fenian prisoners in Canada have been tried, convicted, and sentenced to suffer death. Their names are R. B. Lynch and John McMahon—the former a Colonel of the Fenian forces, and the latter a priest, who accompanied the Fenians in the capacity of Chaplain. We hope that these unfortunate men will not be made to suffer the penalty adjudged to them. Their offence is purely a political one, and Great Britain can afford to be magnanimous to those who committed it. President Johnson is making every effort in their behalf.

Fall of Snow.—A dispatch from Chicago states that snow fell there on the 26th ult., and that on the previous day it was fourteen inches deep in the Lake Superior mining regions.

Elections in November.—The States of Illinois, New York, Maryland, Michigan, Wisconsin, Massachusetts, Missouri, Nevada, Minnesota, Kansas, Delaware and New Jersey, will hold elections to-morrow.

It is reported that Minister Campbell has received his instructions, and will proceed at an early day to the scenes of his labors in Mexico. There are also rumors that, in consideration of services to be rendered by the United States to the Juarez party, this government is to receive a large portion of the territory of Chihuahua, and nearly the whole of Sonora, and all of Lower California. The line is not fixed further than that it is to run from the Rio Grande, somewhere near El Paso, directly to the Gulf of California, so as to include on our side the important port of Guaymas. By this cession we gain new and practicable routes to the Pacific, secure the entire control of the Gulf of California, and extend our direct sea-coast line on the Pacific from San Diego to Cape St. Lucas, about a thousand miles. That important events will soon occur in Mexico is certain, but their particular shape is merely a matter of conjecture.

The President's duties are very laborious just now. On Friday week, he worked thirteen hours, being occupied two hours in preparing cabinet papers, two hours consulting with Gens. Grant and Sherman, three hours in cabinet meeting, two hours in giving audience, and four hours receiving callers. He is evidently a working man, and ought to be in favor of the eight-hour system, surely.

An incipient conflict between the civil and military authorities arose at Charleston on Saturday, from a landlady having detained the baggage of a captain of colored troops, for non-payment of his hotel bill. A police sergeant and his whole squad of ten men were at one time under arrest by the military, but the matter ended with the defaulting captain and his supporters taking their places.

In Calhoun county, West Virginia, we learn from the Parkersburg *Gazette*, the names of ninety-eight voters were struck summarily from the registry, with notice to appear next summer to have the matter rectified, if dissatisfied.—Considering that they wished to vote this fall, and that the law entitles them to know at once the reason of their erasion, this is an arbitrary exercise of authority.

New Disease Among Horses.—The Chicago *Tribune* mentions a strange mortality among the horses in Lyons township, Illinois, several valuable animals having died within the past few days. It is reported to have been caused by the grasshoppers, which, being taken into the mouth, bite the tongues of the animals and make them so sore that they will not eat thereafter, and starve to death. The cases have occurred only among horses turned out to grass.

Since July the cholera has found 1400 victims in Cincinnati.

TOWN AND COUNTY AFFAIRS.

DEATH OF JOSEPH FINK, ESQ.—We are pained to announce the death of Joseph Fink, Esq., which occurred, somewhat suddenly, at his residence, at Littlestown, on Wednesday morning last. Mr. Fink was a leading citizen of the county, few enjoying a larger measure of general respect. He occupied a seat in the Board of County Commissioners about twenty years ago, and filled the office in a most acceptable manner. Living respected, he dies lamented. May he rest in peace!

SUDDEN DEATH.—Mr. John Hoke, for a number of years a prominent business man in this place, died very suddenly on Monday evening last. He had just returned from the country, and after unloading a barrel of cider at his residence, drove down Chambersburg street, when he fell back in the wagon, dead. He had been subject to disease of the heart, and his sudden death is attributed to this cause. His age was 47 years, 8 months and 1 day.

COMMISSIONERS.—Nicholas Wierman, Esq., the new County Commissioner, took his seat in the Board on Thursday last, Samuel March, Esq., retiring, his term of three years having expired. Mr. March made an attentive, correct and faithful officer, and we are sure that his successor will deserve the same commendation.

The Board re-appointed J. M. Walter, Esq., Clerk, E. B. Buehler, Esq., Counsel, Dr. J. W. C. O'Neal Physician to Jail, and Michael Rupp Court-house Keeper.

AGRICULTURAL ADDRESS.—The Address delivered by Aaron Sheely, Esq., at the last Agricultural Fair at Bendersville, is printed on our first page. It is well written, and happy in all its points and suggestions. We hope all will read it.

TEMPERANCE LECTURES.—A course of Temperance Lectures will be delivered in this place during the winter, under the auspices of the Good Templars. The first one will be delivered in St. James' Church, this evening, by Rev. Dr. Brown. The public are invited. Admission free.

METEORS.—Astronomers promise a grand display of "shooting stars" on the night of the 13th of November instant, similar to that of November 13th, 1833. Of course everybody will be on hand "to see." An interesting article on the subject will be found on our first page.

PROPERTY SALES.—John Hoke, a few weeks ago, sold 75 acres of his farm, with the buildings, in Franklin township, to Hezekiah Latshaw, at $60 per acre.

G. Cornelius Hartzell, Administrator, has sold the farm of Augustus Hartzell, deceased, in Freedom township, to William Bigham—152 acres and 41 perches for $3,200.

CIDER.—The following is published by an exchange as a good recipe for preserving cider: To one barrel of cider, put in one pound of mustard seed, two pounds of raisins, and one-fourth of a pound of the stick (bark) of cinnamon.

BASE BALL.—A match between "picked nines" of the Senior and Junior, and the Sophomore and Freshman Classes, of Pennsylvania College, took place on Saturday week. The game stood at its close—38 for the Seniors and Juniors to 23 for the Sophomores and Freshmen.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK.—This excellent magazine is again upon our table. We know of no Lady's Magazine in the country which is so well sustained in point of ability in its editorial management. The embellishments of the present number are quite numerous, and the fine steel engraving "*Out of an Engagement*" is a splendid specimen of the engraver's art. Published by L. A. Godey, Philadelphia, at $3 per year.

Judge Jas. Knough, a Conservative, has been appointed Postmaster at Emmitsburg, Md., in place of Jacob W. Crooks, Radical. Right. The friends of the Union should hold all its offices.

—It is not true that Judge Knough is a "disfranchised rebel." He is a regularly registered voter, not a single objection having been urged against his being registered, on account of disloyalty, or for any other reason. We are assured that Radicals lie when they state anything else.

Dr. J. A. Armstrong has purchased the Drug Store of Henry L. Miller, in East Berlin, and will continue the business at the old stand until Spring, when he will remove to a building now in course of erection for the purpose, nearly opposite Becker's Hotel. The Dr. is clever and obliging, and we predict for him a large share of trade. He will certainly try to deserve it.

Mrs. F. D. Smith, of Highland township, the other day, presented us with a basket of splendid Apples, for which she has our thanks. We are also under obligations to Mr Jacob Swisher, of Cumberland township, for a lot of first-rate Turnips.

(Communicated.)

TRIBUTE OF RESPECT.—At a special meeting of the Berlin Beneficial Society, on the 27th ult., a committee was appointed to report resolutions on the death of Jacob Bushey, Esq., and on the evening of the 2d instant, the following were reported, and unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we have heard the announcement of the death of Jacob Bushey, Esq., one of the charter members of this Association, with unfeigned sorrow.

Resolved, That in his decease the Association has lost one of its most faithful and respected members, his family a kind and affectionate husband and father, and the community a good citizen.

Resolved, That, mourning his loss, we will wear the usual badge for the space of thirty days.

Resolved, That the Secretary be directed to transmit a copy of these resolutions to the family of the deceased, and that they be published in the newspapers of Gettysburg.

GEO. BAKER,
J. J. KUHN,
J. HILDEBRAND,
Committee.

The Radicals of the Sixth Ward of Boston have nominated a negro to represent them in the State Legislature. This is the party that pretends negro equality and suffrage is not an issue before the people.

David H. Hutchinson has purchased Brady's Hotel, at Harrisburg, at $40,000.

OFFICIAL VISITS.—There was quite a stir among the Odd Fellows in this place during the early part of last week, occasioned by the friendly and official visits of the officers of the Grand Lodge and Grand Encampment of the State.

On Monday evening a special meeting of Union Encampment was held, and the following Grand Officers were appropriately received: M. W. G. C. P. Francis M. Rea, R. W. G. S. W. Maurice Finn, R. W. G. S. William Curtis, and P. G. C. P. John B. Springler. Daniel Norcross, Esq., Grand Representative of California, also participated in the visitation. After some instructions and a number of speeches, the party sat down to a very inviting collation, and a large measure of justice was done it. The evening was very pleasantly spent, and adjournment time came to the regret of all.

On Tuesday morning, Past Grand N. Weaver brought out the "big wagon," drawn by four horses, and gave the visitors, with a few from town, a thorough view of the battleground, going to Round Top, Culp's Hill, the Cemeteries and Seminary Ridge—consuming the whole day, and affording the visiting brethren every satisfaction.

In the evening the Grand Lodge officers visited Gettys Lodge, where due honors were paid them. Among those present were R. W. G. M. George Fling, R. W. D. G. M. Richard Watson, R. W. G. W. Peter B. Long, R. W. G. S. William Curtis, and R. W. G. W. of the Grand Lodge of the United States, John S. Heiss. Instructions in the work were given, and a number of speeches made—and "after that," came another elegant supper. Of course everything was gotten up in the best style, and, as on Monday evening, the large number in attendance enjoyed themselves "to their hearts' content." There were quite a number of Odd Fellows from other Lodges present, especially from Petersburg and Hanover.

The party separated at a late hour, the visitors evidently much pleased with the hospitable reception they had met with, and the members of the Order here delighted with the opportunity thus afforded of showing a proper degree of respect to their superiors in position.

Odd Fellowship is in good hands in this State, and as long as its management reposes in such able and faithful keeping, it is bound to go on increasing in numbers and prosperity, and thus extending the sphere of its usefulness.

C. C. Fulton is editor of the Baltimore *American.* Before he was editor of that paper he had succeeded in establishing a reputation, as is shown from this extract from the Baltimore *Sun* of September 15, 1858:

At the September Term the Judge of the Criminal Court directed the name of Charles C. Fulton to be stricken from the Grand Jury, as a liar, and a man unworthy to serve on a grand jury.

The Juniata *Democrat* says that at the recent election forty votes were cast by the Radicals of that county for a negro for the office of coroner. That's practicing what they preach.

"*The Boys in Blue.*"—In two ways the Radicals are heaping gross insults upon the soldiers who faithfully discharged their duties in the field. First, by asserting that the negroes won the final battles and saved the Union. Second, by dressing up a set of Plug Uglies, drilling them for the purpose of resisting the laws and enforcing mob decrees in the regulation of municipal affairs, and calling them "the boys in blue."—*Hartford Times.*

§ § § §

A REQUEST.—Our current expenses are heavy, and must be met with the cash. To enable us to do this at all times, it is absolutely necessary that our patrons pay promptly. Many, no doubt, hardly ever give themselves a thought about "the printer's" needs, and when they do, quickly dismiss it with the idea that "he can get along anyhow." But this is all wrong. He cannot in reason be expected to be able to pay the present high prices for paper, labor, &c., without receiving prompt pay for his work. This being so self-evident, we hope that ALL who owe us will not delay in making settlements, in order that we may be supplied with the means to "square up" a number of bills which accumulated on our hands during the late campaign, from want of time to attend to financial affairs. If the money on our books were in our pockets, we could do this at once, and get along without "dunning" for some time to come. Let all who owe for subscription, job work, or advertising, respond without delay.

Such as intend paying for the COMPILER in wood, we have to urge that they bring it soon—not after everybody else is supplied. We need it now, as well as other people.

To our prompt-paying patrons we again return thanks, and trust that before another month passes all will place themselves in the same class. They can do it by simply doing justice to "the printer."

Married.

On the 1st inst., by Rev. W. R. H. Deatrich, Mr. JOSEPH B. SLOTHOWER, of York county, to Miss MARGARET M. BEITLER, of Mountjoy township, this county.

On the 25th ult., at the house of the bride's father, in Mummasburg, by the Rev. M. Snyder, Mr. JOHN LEECH to Miss CATHARINE RUSSELL, both of this county.

On Sunday morning, Oct. 21st, at the Ref. Parsonage, New Oxford, by Rev. W. F. P. Davis, Mr. EMANUEL LAUGHMAN to Miss MARGARET LAYDOM, both near New Chester.

On the same day, by the same, at the house of Mr. Samuel Myers, near New Oxford, Mr. AMMON MYERS, of Latimore township, to Miss ELLEN E. LONG, of Reading township.

On Tuesday morning, Oct. 30th, at the Ref. Parsonage, New Oxford, by the same, Mr. AMBROSE P. WEIGLE to Miss MAGGIE WEHLER, both of Hamilton township, this county.

Near Idaville, on the 23rd ult., by Rev. H. A. Deatrich, Mr. WM. M. GROUP, of Huntington township, to Miss JANE E. STARNER, of Menallen township, this county.

On the 4th ult., by Rev. C. J. Deninger, Mr. HENRY A. NAYLOR to Mrs. MARGARET L. SHAMBAUGH, both of York Springs.

At the Ev. Luth. Parsonage, Abbottstown, on the 25th ult., by Rev. Dr. Hauer, Mr. SYLVESTER EBERSOLE, of Reading township, to Miss SARAH BECK, of New Oxford.

Died.

On the 20th ult., in this place, Mr. J. GEORGE FREY, aged 48 years 9 months and 16 days.

On the 14th ult., Mr. WILLIAM FLECK, of Butler township, aged 71 years and 9 months.

On the 18th ult., near Bender's Church, Mr. JOHN KEEFAUVER, in the 73rd year of his age.

On the 22nd inst., in the neighborhood of Bender's Church, Mr. DAVID SARBAUGH, in the 6?th year of his age.

On the 30th ult., at the residence of her son-in-law, Mr. Tobias B. Cover, in Franklin township, Mrs. SARAH MICKLEY, aged 57 years 2 months and 9 days.

On the 19th of Oct., near York Springs, Mrs. ESTER BARBARA WOLF, grand mother of ex-Sheriff Samuel Wolf, aged 83 years 9 months and 21 days.

On the 20th of Oct., in Washington township, York county, Miss AMANDA BAKER, aged 17 years 9 months and 11 days.

On the 29th ult., near New Chester, Mr. JOHN CASSAT, aged 53 years 9 months and 4 days.

Special Notice Column.

SCHENCK'S SEAWEED TONIC.

This medicine, invented by Dr. J. H. Schenck, of Philadelphia, is intended to dissolve the food and make it into chyme, the first process of digestion. By cleansing the stomach with Schenck's Mandrake Pills, the Tonic soon restores the appetite, and food that could not be eaten before using it will be easily digested.

Consumption cannot be cured by Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup unless the stomach and liver is made healthy and the appetite restored, hence the Tonic and Pills are required in nearly every case of consumption. A half dozen bottles of the SEAWEED TONIC and three or four boxes of the MANDRAKE PILLS will cure any ordinary case of dyspepsia.

Dr. Schenck makes professional visits in New York, Boston, and at his principal Office in Philadelphia every week. See daily papers of each place, or his pamphlet on consumption for his days for visitation.

Please observe, when purchasing, that the two likenesses of the Doctor, one when in the last stage of Consumption, and the other as he now is, in perfect health, are on the Government stamp.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers, price $1.50 per bottle, or $7.50 the half dozen. All letters for advice should be addressed to Dr. Schenck's Principal Office, No. 15 North 6th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

General Wholesale Agents: Demas Barnes & Co., N. Y.; S. S. Hance, Baltimore, Md.; John D. Parke, Cincinnati, Ohio; Walker & Taylor, Chicago, Ill.; Collins Bros., St. Louis, Mo. 1st w. ea. mo. 1yr

Nov. , 186 .

Ayer's Pills.

Are you sick, feeble and complaining? Are you out of order with your system deranged and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and deranges its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering and derangement. While in this condition, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again.—What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint is also true in many of the deep seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely cured by the same means. None who know the virtue of these Pills will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure, such as Headache, Foul stomach, Dysentery, Bilious complaints, Indigestion, Derangement of the Liver, Costiveness, Constipation, Heartburn, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Worms and Suppression, when taken in large doses.

They are Sugar Coated, so that the most sensitive can take them easily, and they are surely the best purgative medicine yet discovered.

Prepared by J. C. AYER & Co., Lowell, Mass., and sold by A. D. Buehler, Gettysburg.

Nov. 5, 1866. 2m

Marching On!

Constantly advancing in public favor, throughout the United States, the British Colonies and Spanish America, and needing no

FLOURISH OF TRUMPETS

to proclaim its success, that standard article,

CHRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE,

is now far ahead of any preparation of its class. People of Fashion at length thoroughly understand the terrible consequences entailed by the use of metallic and caustic preparations, and admit the superiority of this famous vegetable Dye. Manufactured by J. CHRISTADORO, 6 Astor House, New York. Sold by Druggists. Applied by all Hair Dressers. [O 29'66. 1m

Reduction in Price

OF THE AMERICAN WATCHES, MADE AT WALTHAM, MASS.—In consequence of the recent great improvements in our facilities for manufacturing we have reduced our prices to as low a point as they can be placed

WITH GOLD AT PAR,

so that no one need hesitate to buy a watch now from the expectation that it will be cheaper at some future time. The test of ten years and the manufacture and sale of

MORE THAN 200,000 WATCHES,

have given our productions the very highest rank among time keepers. Commencing with the determination to make only thoroughly excellent watches, our business has steadily increased as the public became acquainted with their value, until for months together, we have been unable to supply the demand. We have repeatedly enlarged our factory buildings until they now cover over three acres of ground, and give accommodation to more than eight hundred workmen.

We are fully justified in saying that we now make MORE THAN ONE-HALF OF ALL THE WATCHES SOLD IN THE UNITED STATES. The different grades are distinguished by the following trade-marks on the plate:

1. "American Watch Co." Waltham, Mass.
2. "Appleton, Tracey & Co." Waltham, Mass.
3. "P. S. Bartlett," Waltham, Mass.
4. "Wm. Ellery."
5. OUR LADIES' WATCH of first quality is "Appleton, Tracey & Co.," Waltham, Mass.
6. Our next quality of Ladies' Watch is named "P. S. Bartlett," Waltham, Mass. These watches are furnished in a great variety of sizes and styles of cases.

The American Watch Co. of Waltham, Mass., authorize us to state that without distinction of trade-marks or price, ALL THE PRODUCTS OF THEIR FACTORY ARE FULLY WARRANTED, to be the best time-keepers of their class ever made in this or any other country. Buyers should remember that unlike the guarantee of a foreign maker who can never be reached, this guarantee is good at all times against the Company or their agents, and that if after the most thorough trial, any watch should prove defective in any particular, it may always be exchanged for another. As the American Watches made at Waltham, are for sale generally throughout the country, we do not solicit orders for single watches.

CAUTION.—The public are cautioned to buy only of respectable dealers. All persons selling counterfeits will be prosecuted.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
Agents for the American Watch Company,
182 BROADWAY, N. Y.

Oct. 15, 1866. 1m

LIFE—HEALTH—STRENGTH.
LIFE—HEALTH—STRENGTH.
LIFE—HEALTH—STRENGTH.

The Great French Remedy.

DR. JUAN DELAMARRE'S
CELEBRATED SPECIFIC PILLS,
Prepared from a prescription of Dr. Juan Delamarre, Chief Physician of the Hospital du Nord ou Lariboisiere of Paris.

This invaluable medicine is no imposition, but is unfailing in the cure of Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness. Every species of Genital or Urinary Irritability, Involuntary or Nightly Seminal Emissions from whatever cause produced, or however severe, will be speedily relieved and the organs restored to healthy action.

Read the following opinions of eminent French physicians:

"We have used the Specific Pills prepared by Garanciere & Dupont, No. 214 Rue Lombard, from the prescription of Dr. Juan Delamarre, in our private practice with uniform success, and we believe there is no other medicine so well calculated to cure all persons suffering from Involuntary Emissions or any other weakness of the Sexual Organs, whether caused by sedentary modes of living, excesses, or abuse.

R. A. BEAUREPARIE, M. D.,
G. D. DUJARDIN, M. D.
JEAN LE LECCHRE, M. D.

Paris, May 5th, 1864."

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

The genuine Pills are sold by all the principal Druggists throughout the World. Price One Dollar per Box, or six Boxes for Five Dollars.

GARANCIERE & DUPONT, Sole Proprietors,
No. 214 Rue Lombard, Paris.

One Dollar enclosed to any authorized Agent, will insure a box by return mail, securely sealed from all observation; six boxes for five dollars.

Sole General Agents for America,
OSCAR G. MOSES & CO.,
27 Cortland st., N. Y.

N. B.—French, German, Spanish and English Pamphlets, containing full particulars and directions for use, sent free to every address.

A. D. Buehler, Agent for Gettysburg.

Dec. 18, 1865. 1y

Lyon's Periodical Drops!

THE GREAT FEMALE REMEDY FOR IRREGULARITIES.—These Drops are a scientifically compounded fluid preparation, and better than any Pills, Powders or Nostrums. Being liquid, their action is direct and positive, rendering them a reliable, speedy and certain specific for the cure of all obstructions and suppressions of nature. Their popularity is indicated by the fact that over 100,000 bottles are annually consumed by the ladies of the United States, every one of whom speaks in the strongest terms of praise of their great merits. They are rapidly taking the place of every other Female Remedy, and are considered by all who know aught of them, as the surest, safest, and most infallible preparation in the world, for the cure of all female complaints, the removal of all obstructions of nature, and the promotion of health, regularity and strength.—Explicit directions stating when they may used, and explaining when and why they should not, nor could not be used without producing effects contrary to nature's laws, will be found carefully folded around each bottle, with the written signature of JOHN L. LYON, without which none are genuine.

Prepared by Dr. JOHN L. LYON, 195 Chapel Street, New Haven, Conn., who can be consulted either personally, or by mail, (enclosing stamp,) concerning all private diseases and female weaknesses. Sold by Druggists everywhere.

C. G. CLARK & CO.,
Gen'l Agents for U. S. and Canadas.

Nov. 6, 1865. 1y

The number of applicants for admission to Washington College, Va., is said to be eight hundred.

[illegible] Diarrhea.

Water must be adapted to the nature of the fish, or there will be no increase; the soil must be adapted to the seed, or there will be small returns; and the human body must contain impurities, or there will be no sickness. The man whose bowels and blood have been cleansed by a few

BRANDRETH'S PILLS

may walk through infected districts without fear. "The life of the flesh is the blood." To secure health we must USE BRANDRETH'S PILLS, because we cannot be sick but from unhealthy accumulations in the bowels or the blood, which Brandreth's Pills remove; this method is following nature, and is safe, and has stood the test of time. See B. Brandreth in white letters in the Government stamp. Sold by all Druggists.

Oct. 29, 1866. 1m

A Humbug.

HOW OFTEN WE HEAR THIS EXPRESSION from persons reading advertisements of Patent Medicines, and in nine cases out of ten they may be right. It is over 19 years since I introduced my medicine, the Venetian Liniment, to the public. I had no money to advertise it, so I left it for sale with a few druggists and storekeepers through a small section of the country, many taking it with great reluctance; but I told them to let any one have it, and if it did not do all I stated in my pamphlet, no one need pay for it. In some stores two or three bottles were taken on trial by persons present. I was, by many, thought crazy, and that would be the last they would see of me. But I knew my medicine was no humbug. In about two months I began to receive orders for more Liniment, some calling it my valuable Liniment, who had refused to sign a receipt when I left it at their store. Now my sales are millions of bottles yearly, and all for cash. I warrant it superior to any other medicine for the cure of Croup, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Colic, Vomiting, Spasms, and Sea sickness, as an internal remedy. It is perfectly innocent to take internally, see oath accompanying each bottle,—and externally for Chronic Rheumatism, Headache, Mumps, Frosted Feet, Bruises, Sprains, Old Sores, Swellings, Sore Throats, &c., &c. Sold by all Druggists. Depot 56 Cortlandt street, New York. [Oct. 1, '66. 7w

The Great English Remedy.

Protected by royal letters patent.

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS. Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen. This invaluable medicine is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female constitution is subject. It moderates all excesses and removes all obstructions, and a speedy cure may be relied on.

To Married Ladies it is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

CAUTION.—These Pills should not be taken by Females during the FIRST THREE MONTHS of Pregnancy, as they are sure to bring on Miscarriage, but at any other time they are safe.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pains in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics, and Whites, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

Sold by all Druggists. Price One Dollar, per bottle.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—It is the fate of every valuable Medicine to be Counterfeited. Be cautious, therefore, and see that the letters "T. & M." are blown in the bottle, and that each wrapper bears the FAC SIMILES of the signatures of I. C. BALDWIN & CO., and JOB MOSES. ☞ Without which none are genuine.

N. B.—One Dollar, with Eighteen cents for Postage, enclosed to any authorized Agent for the United States and British Dominions.

JOB MOSES, 27 Cortlandt Street, New York, will insure a bottle containing fifty Pills, by return mail, securely sealed from all observation.

Dec. 18, 1865. 1y

Dr. Marshall's Catarrh Snuff.

This snuff has thoroughly proved itself to be the best article known for curing the Catarrh, Cold in the Head and Headache. It has been found an excellent remedy in many cases of Sore Eyes.—Deafness has been removed by it, and Hearing has often been greatly improved by its use.

It is fragrant and agreeable, and GIVES IMMEDIATE RELIEF to the dull heavy pains caused by diseases of the head. The sensations after using it are delightful and invigorating. It opens and purges out all obstructions, strengthens the glands, and gives a healthy action to the parts affected.

More than Thirty Years' of sale and use of "Dr. Marshall's Catarrh and Headache Snuff," has proved its great value for all the common diseases of the head, and at this moment stands higher than ever before.

It is recommended by many of the best physicians, and is used with great success and satisfaction everywhere.

Read the Certificates of Wholesale Druggists in 1854: The undersigned, having for many years been acquainted with "Dr. Marshall's Catarrh and Headache Snuff," and sold it in our wholesale trade, cheerfully state, that we believe it to be equal, in every respect, to the recommendations given of it for the cure of Catarrhal Affections, and that it is decidedly the best article we have ever known for all common diseases of the Head.

Burr & Perry, Boston; Reed, Auston & Co., Boston; Brown, Lamson & Co., Boston; Seth W. Fowle, Boston; Wilson, Fairbank & Co., Boston; Henshaw, Edmund & Co., Boston; H. H. Hay, Portland, Me.; Barnes & Park, New York; A. B. & D. Sands, New York; Stephen Paul & Co., New York; Israel Minor & Co., New York; McKesson & Robbins, New York; A. L. Scovill & Co., New York; M. Ward, Close & Co., New York; Bush & Gale, New York. ☞ For sale by all Druggists.—Try it. [Dec. 18, 1865. 1y

Wonderful but True!

MADAME REMINGTON, the world renowned Astrologist and Somnambulistic Clairvoyant, while in a clairvoyant state, delineates the very features of the person you are to marry, and by the aid of an instrument of intense power, known as the Psychomotrope, guarantees to produce a perfect and life-like picture of the future husband or wife of the applicant, with date of marriage, occupation, leading traits of character, &c. This is no imposition, as testimonials without number can assert. By stating place of birth, age, disposition, color of eyes and hair, and enclosing fifty cents, and stamped envelope addressed to yourself, you will receive the picture by return mail, together with desired information.

Address in confidence, MADAME GERTRUDE REMINGTON, P. O. Box 297, West Troy, N. Y.

Sept. 24, 1866. 6m

Deafness, Blindness and Catarrh.

Treated with the utmost success, by Dr. J. ISAACS, Oculist and Aurist, (formerly of Leyden, Holland,) No. 519 PINE Street, Philadelphia. Testimonials from the most reliable sources in the City and Country can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial eyes inserted without pain. No charges made for examination.

Sept. 24, 1866. 1y

Strange, but True.

Every young lady and gentleman in the United States can hear something very much to their advantage by return mail (free of charge,) by addressing the undersigned. Those having fears of being humbugged will oblige by not noticing this card. All others will please address their obedient servant, THOS. F. CHAPMAN, 831 Broadway, N. Y.

Mar. 5, '66. 1y

Latest Market Reports.

GETTYSBURG.	
FLOUR,	12 50 @ 13 00
RYE FLOUR,	6 00
WHITE WHEAT,	2 60 @ 3 00
RED WHEAT,	2 35 @ 2 75
CORN,	55 @ 9[illegible]
RYE,	80
OATS,	45
BUCKWHEAT,	65 @ 80
HAY,	10 00 @ 15 00
CLOVERSEED,	7 00 @ 8 00
FLAXSEED,	2 00 @ 2 25
BALTIMORE.	
FLOUR,	11 25 @ 12 25
WHEAT,	3 00 @ 3 50
RYE,	1 20 @ 1 33
CORN,	85 @ 1 14
OATS,	53 @ 60
HOGS, ℔ hund.,	12 00 @ 13 00
BEEF CATTLE, ℔ hund.,	11 00 @ 17 00
HAY,	28 00 @ 30 00
WHISKEY,	2 39 @ 2 41

To the Taxpayers

OF HAMILTONBAN.—An early payment of the SCHOOL TAX of Hamiltonban township is respectfully solicited, as the money is needed. JOHN MICKLEY, President.

Nov. 5, 1866. 3t

Teacher Wanted.

A MALE or Female Teacher wanted for one of the Schools of Hamiltonban district—term four months—Salary $25. Please apply immediately.

JOHN MICKLEY, Pres't.

J. V. DANNER, Sec'y. [Nov. 5, 1866. 3t

Estray Sheep.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber, in Cumberland township, some months ago, SIX SHEEP, all white—no particular marks. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges, and take them away.

JULIUS HEFNER.

Nov. 5, 1866. 3t

Notice.

JACOB SHELLAMAN'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Jacob Shellaman, late of Franklin township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Butler township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement. JONAS B. ORNER, Adm'r.

Nov. 5, 1866. 6t

1866. If you have chapped hands, lips or rough skin, use the OLEIN, prepared by Dr. R. HORNER.

Groceries, Notions, &c.

GEORGE H. SWOPE, having purchased the fine GROCERY ESTABLISHMENT of James A. Grimes, on York street, a few doors east of Wolf's Hotel, and having added largely to the already extensive assortment on hand, offers the public a variety of Goods in his line rarely, if ever before, kept here.

His SUGARS, COFFEES, TEAS, MOLASSES, SYRUPS, &c., can't be beat, in quality or price; whilst his assortment of NOTIONS embraces almost everything the public can possibly need. House-keepers and others should give him a call before buying elsewhere, as he is convinced that he has the best stock in town, and that no one can go away disappointed.

☞ The CABINET-MAKING business is continued, in all its branches, at the old stand, a few doors east of the Store. No efforts spared to please the public, as heretofore.

Gettysburg, Nov. 5, 1866. tf

Swan's Grocery.

JOHN M. SWAN has just received a splendid assortment of FRESH GROCERIES, at his Store on the corner of the public Square, in Gettysburg,

SUGARS.

The finest lot of Sugars ever brought to Gettysburg, and very cheap.

COFFEE.

His Coffee is superior to any offered in the place. If you don't believe it come and see.

MOLASSES.

If you want the best Syrups and Molasses in town you will find them at Swan's.

QUEENSWARE, &c.

His stock of Queensware, Dishes, Lamps, &c., is full, cheap and good. Every style and price.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

His Cigars and Tobacco are of superior quality. Acknowledged by good judges to be the best in the market.

CANDIES AND NOTIONS.

Particular attention paid to this department. A full supply of Candies, Nuts, Fruits, Soaps, Fancy articles, in short any and everything usually found in a first class Grocery. In laying in my stock I was careful to know what I was buying, and am now prepared to sell not only GOOD Groceries, but to sell them very cheap. Give me a call and judge for yourselves. JOHN M. SWAN.

Nov. 5, 1866.

Proclamation.

WHEREAS the Hon. ROBERT J. FISHER, President of the several Courts of Common Pleas in the Counties composing the 19th District, and Justice of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the said district, and DAVID ZIEGLER and ISAAC E. WIERMAN, Esqs., Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas, and Justices of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the County of Adams—have issued their precept, bearing date the 24th day of August, in the year of our LORD one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and to me directed, for holding a Court of Common Pleas, and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, and General Jail Delivery and Court of Oyer and Terminer, at Gettysburg, on MONDAY, the 19th day of NOVEMBER instant—

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all the Justices of the Peace, the Coroner and Constables within the said County of Adams, that they be then and there in their proper persons, with their Rolls, Records, Inquisitions, Examinations, and other Remembrances, to do those things which to their offices and in that behalf appertain to be done, and also, they who will prosecute against the prisoners that are or then shall be in the Jail of the said County of Adams, are to be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

ADAM REBERT, Sheriff.

Sheriff's office, Gettysburg, Nov. 5, '66.

New Lumber Yard.

THE undersigned has opened a LUMBER YARD, on the Railroad, near Guinn & Reilly's Lime Kilns, Gettysburg, and asks the public to give him a call. His assortment is one of the best ever offered here, and his prices afford only the smallest living profit. He has WHITE PINE PLANK, inch and half inch BOARDS, FLOORING, PALINGS, &c., &c., and is constantly adding to his stock. Come and examine for yourselves.

JACOB SHEADS.

Oct. 29, 1866. tf

Licenses.

THE following applications for Tavern and Restaurant License have been filed in my office, and will be presented to the Court on Tuesday, the 20th day of November next:

TAVERN LICENSE.

William E. Myers, Gettysburg.

RESTAURANT LICENSE.

Conrad Fox, Conowago township.

J. J. FINK, Clerk.

Oct. 29, 1866. tc

Notice.

DAVID SARBAUGH'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration on the estate of David Sarbaugh, late of Tyrone township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Butler township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement. JOHN HANES,

Oct. 29, 1866. 6t Administrator.

Notice.

FREDERICK RAHRMANN'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Frederick Rahrmann, late of Cumberland township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement PETER THORN,

Oct. 29, 1866. 6t Administrator.

Notice.

ALL persons owing the undersigned for Fees in the Register and Recorder's office, are requested to make immediate payment.—As he is about to remove, settlements of these accounts must be made by the November Court. All claims then unpaid, will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection.

SAMUEL LILLY,

Oct. 15, 1866. 3t* Register & Recorder.

4 Teachers Wanted.

THE School Directors of Union township, desire to employ four Teachers for the winter term of four months, commencing on the first Monday in November. Salary $30 per month.

MARTIN E. BOLLINGER, Pres't.

JACOB H. GOBRECHT, Sec'y.

Sept. 10, 1866.

The Far Famed

"UNIVERSAL CLOTHES WRINGER."—Besides the great saving of Labor, the saving in the wear and tear of clothing in a single year, more than amounts to the price of this Wringer. It is strange that any family should be willing to do without it. For sale at FAHNESTOCK BROS., and at C. H. BUEHLER'S. [Feb. 19.

2,000 tons Hay

WANTED.—The Beater Press Hay Company will pay the HIGHEST MARKET PRICE for HAY, delivered at their Hay Sheds, in Oxford, at P. Hann's Station, and in Gettysburg. JEREMIAH DIEHL,

Gettysburg, Oct. 22, 1866. 3m Agent.

A SPLENDID assortment of Fall and Winter Clothing just received at PICKING'S.

QUEENSWARE, Notions, Dry Goods, &c., in great variety, at DUPHORN & HOFFMAN'S, northwest corner of the Square, Gettysburg, Pa.

OVERCOATS—a large assortment of every style, size and price—just opened at PICKING'S.

GO to DUPHORN & HOFFMAN'S, to buy your Dry Goods, Notions, Queensware, &c., on the northwest Corner of Diamond, Gettysburg, Pa.

BARGAINS—Picking has received his new Goods. Now is the time to secure bargains. Call and see them.

DRAKE'S PLANTATION BITTERS, or Old Homestead Tonic, at Dr. R. HORNER'S Drug Store.

A Small Property

AT PRIVATE SALE.—The undersigned offers at Private Sale, his valuable property, situate in Menallen township, Adams county, on the road leading from Huntertown to Petersburg, about 4 miles from the latter place, containing about 30 ACRES, more or less, improved with a good one and a half story LOG HOUSE, and a good Stable of large size, with a never-failing well of water at the door. There is a first-rate garden, and the land is all in a high state of cultivation. There are about 2 acres of Timber, and a sufficient quantity of Meadow land. There is a variety of fruit on the premises. The fences are in good order. The property is conveniently located to Markets, Schools, Churches, &c., and is one of the most desirable properties in the county.

Persons wishing to view the property will call on the undersigned, residing thereon.

GEORGE DAUGHERTY.

Oct. 29, 1866. tf

PUBLIC SALE.

ON WEDNESDAY, the 7th day of NOVEMBER next, the subscriber will offer at Public Sale, on the premises,

HIS FARM, situate in Cumberland township, Adams county, on the Trostle mill road, about one and a half miles from Gettysburg, adjoining lands of Abraham Plank, Dr. S. E. Hall and others, containing 102 ACRES, more or less, with plenty of Woodland and Meadow. The improvements are a Two-story WEATHERBOARDED HOUSE, a Frame Barn, Log Stable, an excellent well of water at the door of the house, with some fruit trees.—The fences are new, having been put up since the battle. There are about three hundred panels of post fence.

Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call on the subscriber, residing in Gettysburg.

☞ Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

FREDERICK HERR.

☞ If not sold, the Farm will be for rent on said day.

Oct. 29, 1866. ts

Teachers' Institute.

THE Adams County Teachers' Institute will hold its next annual session in the U. B. Church, Littlestown, commencing at 10 o'clock, A. M., on WEDNESDAY, Nov. 21st, and continuing 3 days. A full attendance is requested. All who expect to be examined next year with a view to teaching will find it to their interest to attend. These meetings are designed for the instruction, improvement and advancement of Teachers. Hence it is highly important that as teachers we keep up our organization. The exercises will consist of Addresses, Lectures, Class-Drills and Discussions. Addresses will be delivered by Prof. M. L. Stoever, of Penn'a. College, P. D. W. Hankey, Esq., and others. Arrangements have been made with the several Railroad Companies to transport Teachers at greatly reduced rates. All who expect to go by Railroad from Gettysburg *must be here* by 7.30 on the morning of the 21st. A special train has been engaged from Hanover to Littlestown.

AARON SHEELY,

Chairman Executive Committee.

Gettysburg, Oct. 29, 1866. tc

Register's Notices.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Legatees and other persons concerned, that the Administration Accounts hereinafter mentioned will be presented at the Orphan's Court of Adams county, for confirmation and allowance, on MONDAY, the 19th day of NOVEMBER, 1866, at 10 o'clock, A. M., viz:

339. First and final account of Amos Lefever, Esq., Executor of the last will and testament of Philip Herget, deceased.

340. First and final account of Elijah Spangler, Administrator of Catharine Miller, dec'd.

341. The account of Jeremiah Biesecker, Administrator of the Estate of Isaiah Stultz, deceased.

341. The final account of Philip Donohue, Guardian of James Emory Gratt, minor child of Philip J. Gratt, late of Straban township, deceased.

342. The first and final account of James J. Wills, Administrator de bonis non of Adam Sowers, deceased.

344. First and final account of Isaac Lightner, Esq., Administrator of the Estate of Rev. Jacob Bare, deceased.

SAMUEL LILLY, Register.

Register's Office, Gettysburg, Oct. 22, 1866. td

What We Want.

IF YOU WANT a cheap Hat buy it of H. B. WOODS.

IF YOU WANT a Fashionable Hat always buy it of H. B. WOODS.

IF YOU WANT a Hat of any kind for less money than anybody else will sell it for, be sure to buy it of H. B. WOODS.

IF YOU WANT good Shoes for Ladies or children, don't be humbugged with damaged auction goods, but buy of H. B. WOODS.

IF YOU WANT Shoes or Boots, "that are shoes and boots worth talking about," and no "cheating trash," buy them of H. B. WOODS.

IF YOU WANT Overshirts, Drawers, Umbrellas or anything in his line, buy of H. B. WOODS.

IF YOU WANT to be dealt fairly with, get the worth of your money and not be cheated, always buy of H. B. WOODS.

IF YOU WANT a pair of real Number One Heavy Winter Boots, don't buy before you see the superior article for sale by H. B. WOODS.

Great Excitement!

A

MAJORITY of those who read Newspapers never give a hasty glance at a business advertisement, and if a

MAN

actually has the best, the prettiest and the cheapest goods in all creation, actually selling them at break-down prices—too few heed the fact for their own interest, therefore we have

FOUND

it best to simply invite every body to call and examine our stock and prices before buying one dollar's worth elsewhere, for I can and will make it to the interest of all those who are not

DEAD

to their true interest and who wish to save money, therefore to buy everything

IN

the line of good and cheap clothing at my store, where there has just been received a most magnificent assortment of Fall and Winter Goods, consisting of Overcoats, Dress Coats, Business Coats, Pants and Vests of all kinds, Overshirts and Undershirts, Stockings, Suspenders, Cravats and Notions, Clocks, Musical Instruments, and many other things in my line, all of which I am selling at very low prices. Call on F. B. PICKING, Baltimore street, near the public Square,

GETTYSBURG.

Oct. 29, 1866.

5 Cents Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, on Tuesday last, a bound girl named Bertha Lewis, aged about 16 years. All persons are warned against harboring her at my expense. I will give the above reward for her return, but no thanks. ALFRED SLONAKER.

Straban tp., Oct. 29, 1866. 3t*

Wanted.

A GOOD FARM.

ANY person having a good Farm for sale, and will take in part payment, one or more tracts of

FIRST-RATE WESTERN LAND,

well located, near Railroads, Schools, Churches, County Towns, &c., may find a purchaser by applying at this office.

June 18, 1866. tf

$90 A Month!—AGENTS wanted for *six entirely new articles*, just out. Address O. T. GAREY, City Building, Biddeford, Me. [May 21, 1866. 1y

PURE CIDER VINEGAR at Swan's Grocery on the corner of the Diamond.

April 30, 1866.

A Small Farm,

IN BUCHANAN VALLEY, FOR SALE.—The subscriber, Agent of John Dilmon, will sell at Public Sale, on SATURDAY, the 17th day of NOVEMBER next,

A SMALL FARM, situate in Buchanan Valley, some two hundred yards from the Mountain Church, containing 20 ACRES and 16 PERCHES, nearly all of which is clear, and in a good state of cultivation. The improvements are a good Two-story LOG HOUSE, good Bank Barn, first-rate Hog Pen and Corn Crib attached, also a good Wash & Bake House, with a well of excellent water at the door. The buildings are all nearly new and built of the best material. There is also a thriving young APPLE ORCHARD, with Peaches, Grapes, &c.

☞ At the same time and place will be sold the following personal property: A Two-horse Wagon, Bedsteads and Bedding, Tables, Chairs, Ten-plate Stove and Pipe, Wheel-barrow, Mattock, Shovels, with many other articles too numerous to mention.

Ten per cent. of purchase money on the Real Estate to be paid on day of sale, the balance of one half on the first day of March, 1867, and the other half in two annual installments.

☞ Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JOS. J. LIVERS, Agent.

Jacob Mickley, Auct. [Oct. 22, 1866. ts

PUBLIC SALE.

ON TUESDAY, the 6th day of NOVEMBER next, the subscriber will offer at Public Sale, on the premises,

THE PROPERTY on which he resides, on the York Turnpike, three miles east of Gettysburg, in Straban township, Adams county: 22 ACRES OF LAND, adjoining lands of Joseph Lease, Henry Tate, John Bushman, and others. Five acres of the tract are in Timber. The improvements are a Two-story Roughcast DWELLING HOUSE, with Two-story Back-building, a good Barn, Corn Crib, Carriage House, Hog House, Spring House, with Granary, and other out-buildings. There is a good well of water, with a pump in it, convenient to the house and barn, with a young bearing Apple Orchard, and other fruit, such as Peaches, Pears, Cherries, Plums, &c.

At the same time and place, will be sold, 1 COW, 2 Heifers, One-horse Wagon, Buggy, Sleigh, Hay Ladders, Winnowing Mill, Ploughs, Harrow, Double and Single Shovel Ploughs, Corn Fork, Cultivator, Double and Single-trees, Forks, Rakes, Shovels, &c. Also, a Hathaway Cook Stove, Parlor Coal Stove, 3 Bedsteads, 2 sets of Chairs, 2 Tables, Stand, Carpeting, Tubs, Buckets, Barrels, with a lot of old Iron and Castings.

Likewise, DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, QUEENS-WARE, and many other articles, too numerous to mention.

☞ Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

PHILIP HANN.

☞ The Grain and Hay business will be continued at Granite Station until April 1st. Highest prices paid.

Oct. 22, 1866. ts

A Good Farm

AT PRIVATE SALE.—The subscriber offers at Private Sale, his valuable FARM, situate in Freedom township, Adams county, Pa., containing 127 ACRES, more or less. The improvements consist of a good Two-story LOG HOUSE, and Log Barn, Wash House, Smoke House and Milk House all under one roof; and other outbuildings. There are two wells of good water, one at the house and the other at the Barn, and a never-failing stream of water running through the farm. There are two young Orchards on the premises, and a variety of all kinds of fruit. There is about 25 Acres of good Timber and a fair proportion of Meadow. The land is in a high state of cultivation, and will be sold on reasonable terms. This farm is conveniently located to Mills, Markets, Schools, Churches, &c., and is among the most desirable in the county.

Persons wishing to view it will call on the undersigned, residing thereon.

ABRAM FLENNER.

August 27, 1866. 3m

Sheriff's Sales.

IN pursuance of sundry writs of Venditioni Exponas and Fieri Facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, Pa., and to me directed, will be exposed at Public Sale, at the Court House, in Gettysburg, on SATURDAY, the 10th day of NOVEMBER next, at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following described Real Estate, viz:

A LOT OF GROUND, situate in East Berlin, Adams county, adjoining lot of George Mundorff on the east, lot of John Riegle on the west, an alley on the north, and fronting on Main street, the lot being 65 feet in front and running back 220 to the alley—improved with a Two-story Frame Weatherboarded STORE HOUSE, a One-story Stone Building, and some fruit trees. Seized and taken in execution as the property of Francis S. Hildebrand.

Also, A TRACT OF TIMBER LAND, situate in Menallen township, Adams county, adjoining lands of Michael Warner, Henry Eppelman, Elijah Wright, John Burkholder and Wm. Peters, containing 11 ACRES, of which about 2 acres are fenced. Seized and taken in execution as the property of Jonathan N. Fickes.

ADAM REBERT, Sheriff.

Sheriff's office, Gettysburg, Oct. 22, '66.

☞ Ten per cent. of the purchase money upon all sales by the Sheriff must be paid over immediately after the property is struck down, or upon failure to comply therewith the property will be again put up for sale.

30 Acres of Land

AT PUBLIC SALE.—On SATURDAY, the 10th day of NOVEMBER next, the Directors of the Poor of Adams county will offer at Public Sale, on the premises,

30 ACRES OF LAND, all cleared, lying on the ridge immediately west of Samuel Cobean's farm, and adjoining also the farms of Hon. Moses McClean and John Forney, in Cumberland township, a mile and a half from Gettysburg.

☞ Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JOHN N. GRAFT,
JOHN NUNNEMAKER,
JOHN RAHN,

Oct. 22, 1866. ts Directors of the Poor.

Collectors,

TAKE NOTICE!—The Collectors of Taxes for 1865 and previous years, in the different townships of Adams county, are hereby notified that they will be required to settle up their duplicates on or before the 19th day of NOVEMBER next, on which day the Commissioners will meet at their office to give the necessary exonerations, &c.

The Collectors of the present year will be required to pay over to the County Treasurer all monies which may be collected by the November Court.

SAMUEL MARCH,
ABRAHAM KRISE,
SAMUEL WOLF,

Commissioners of Adams county.

Attest—J. M. WALTER, Clerk.

Oct. 22, 1866. td

Excelsior Gallery.

NONE but GOOD Pictures allowed to go out—and at very LOW PRICES. Come one! Come all!

Gettysburg, Oct. 29, 1866.

Western Lands.

THE subscriber has some valuable WESTERN LANDS, which he will trade for one or more FARMS in this county. The lands are well located, and very desirable for farming. Early application desired.

JACOB BRINKERHOFF.

Gettysburg, April 3, 1865. tf

Town Property

AT PRIVATE SALE.—Several HOUSES can be purchased at Private Sale by calling on FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS.

Dec. 15, 1866. tf

DUPHORN & HOFFMAN are receiving New Goods every week from the eastern Cities. Do not fail to give them a call, on the northwest Corner of the Square, Gettysburg, Pa.

TRY Dr. R. HORNER'S Tonic and Alterative Powders, for HORSES and CATTLE Prepared and sold only at his Drug Store.

January 23, 1864.

NEW GOODS.

LATEST ARRIVAL.

FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS

Have just received a large and complete assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

of every style and at all prices, to which the attention of buyers is directed. Those in want of good Goods at the lowest possible rates should not fail to give us an early call.

FAHNESTOCK BROS.

Oct. 6, 1866.

NEW GOODS.

GEORGE ARNOLD has now got up his fall stock of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

mostly of his own manufacture, consisting of Coats, Pants, Vests, Shirts, Drawers, &c., &c.

—ALSO—

A large stock of CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES, all of which will be sold cheap for cash. Call and see them.

Oct. 6, 1866.

Duphorn & Hoffman.

NEW STORE.

ON THE NORTHWEST CORNER OF THE DIAMOND, GETTYSBURG.

(*Known as Hoke's Corner*)

DEALERS IN DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, CARPETS, QUEENSWARE, &C.,

all of which have been bought at the lowest market prices and will be sold accordingly. Give them a call. No trouble to show Goods.

F. D. DUPHORN,
S. W. HOFFMAN.

Oct. 6, 1866.

Dry Goods! Dry Goods!

HATS AND CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES.—Having just returned from the City, with a splendid assortment of DRY GOODS, I am now prepared to offer greater inducements to buyers than ever before. My stock consists of every description of Dress Goods, plain and fancy, Cloths, Cassimeres, Muslins, Hoop Skirts, Balmorals, Flannels, Hosiery, Gloves, Trimmings, &c.

—ALSO—

In connection with my Dry Goods, I have opened in an adjoining room a large stock of HATS AND CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES, which I will sell very cheap. Children's Shoes as low as 12½ cents, and other goods at corresponding rates. My stock is well selected, and the most complete yet offered. Give us a call and examine for yourselves. No trouble to show Goods.

SEWING MACHINES.

We are also agent for the Florence Sewing Machine, which is acknowledged to be the best in use. It is the latest improved machine out, having the REVERSABLE FEED, giving it an advantage over all other machines.—Call and see them. M. SPANGLER.

Oct. 6, 1866.

Selling Off at Cost.

THE undersigned, intending to remove from Gettysburg, will sell AT COST until the 15th of November, any or all of his stock of WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, and SILVER-WARE.

Persons wishing any article in my line will, for a short time, have an opportunity to purchase it at a very reduced price.

Call and be convinced.

JOSEPH BEVAN.

Also, for sale, several articles of Household Furniture, including 1 mahogany Bureau, 1 double Wardrobe, 1 cottage Bedstead, 2 Feather beds, 1 ten-plate Stove, &c., &c.

Gettysburg, Oct. 22, 1866.

Fall and Winter Goods.

A. SCOTT & SONS have just received another fine assortment of NEW GOODS, consisting, in part, of Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinets, Kentucky Jeans, and Tweeds, for Gentlemen's wear. Also, a fine assortment of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS.

Our stock has been selected with great care, and we are prepared to sell as cheap as any other establishment in the country. We ask the public to give us a call and judge for themselves. Call and see us. No trouble to show Goods. A. SCOTT & SONS.

Sept. 17, 1866.

Saddling.

THE undersigned has commenced the SADDLE and HARNESS-MAKING business, on the Hill, in Baltimore street, in the building formerly occupied by D. Sweeney as a Chair-maker's shop, up-stairs, where he asks those wanting anything in his line to call. Work done in the best manner, and prices moderate. HARNESS REPAIRED at short notice. A lot of new Saddles and Harness on hand.

J. M. ROWE.

Gettysburg, June 25, 1866. 3m

To All Book Buyers.

JAS. K. SIMON, 38 South Sixth Street, Philadelphia, Is AGENT FOR THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE BOOKS:

APPLETON'S NEW AMERICAN CYCLOPEDIA—23 Vols.

" HISTORY OF THE REBELLION—1 large Vol.

" DICTIONARY OF MECHANICS—2 Vols.

REBELLION RECORD, BY FRANK MOORE—9 Vols.

WASHINGTON IRVING'S WORKS—22 Vols

COOPER'S NOVELS, DICKENS' WORKS.

MERIVALE & GIBBON'S ROME.

MACAULEY'S WORKS.

URE'S DICTIONARY OF ARTS AND MANUFACTURES.

BANCROFT'S UNITED STATES—8 Vols, &c.

I furnish all Books published, for public and private Libraries, at wholesale prices.—Send a list of any Books wanted, with a stamp, for prices, which will be sent by return mail.

Sept. 24, 1866. 6w

Notice.

ELIZABETH TOPPER'S ESTATE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Elizabeth Topper, late of Liberty township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, the first named residing in the same township, and the last named in Highland township, they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JAMES B. TOPPER,
JESSE P. TOPPER,

Oct. 6, 1866. 6t Executors.

Notice.

MARY ANN ALLISON'S ESTATE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Mary Ann Allison, late of Littlestown, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in same place, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN DIEHL,

Sept. 17, 1866. 6t* Executor.

Notice.

MICHAEL MILLER'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Michael Miller, deceased, late of Hamilton twp., Adams co., having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Berwick borough, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

WM. BITTINGER, Adm'r.

Oct. 22, 1866. 6t*

1866. Philadelphia 1866.

WALL PAPERS.

NEW FALL STYLES.

HOWELL & BOURKE, Manufacturers of PAPER HANGINGS and WINDOW SHADES, Corner Fourth and Market Streets, PHILADELPHIA.

N. B. Always in Store, a large Stock of LINEN and OIL SHADES.

Sept. 3, 1866. 3m

Prime Hams,

SHOULDERS, Sides, home-made Bologna Sausage, &c., a full stock always kept for sale, of the very best quality, and at lowest living profits, by

KALBFLEISCH,

June 11. next door to the Post Office

KALBFLEISCH is selling a large amount of Goods, because the people are finding out that he is determined not to be undersold.

Tin Ware and Stoves.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he still continues the business of making

ALL KINDS OF GOOD TIN WARE,

at the old stand, (formerly Andrew Polley's,) in York street, Gettysburg, where he has the largest assortment of tin ware in the county, with many other articles for kitchen use, &c.

Also, COOKING STOVES & NINE-PLATE STOVES, of the very best kinds.

S. G. COOK.

Mar. 12, 1865. 3m

For Sale.

THE BEST IN THE MARKET.

THE VICTOR SORGO MILL.

Over Five thousand of these Mills have been made and sold in the last three years. The best recommendations can be given.

Also—COOK'S EVAPORATOR, for making Sugar and Molasses, said to be the best in use.

CORN CRUSHERS.

Three different sizes for grinding Corn in the ear, or shelled—or any other kind of grain. This is a machine that every farmer should have, as a bushel of ground feed is equal to a bushel and a half unground. The high price of feed of all kinds makes an imperative demand for some kind of machinery by which to save. It is a rapid grinder and durable.

BELLS FOR CHURCHES,

SCHOOLS, FARM HOUSES, FOUNDRIES, &c. Made of the best steel composition. Church Bells insured for one year.

WILLOUGHBY'S GUM SPRING DRILL,

WITH CROWELL'S GUANO ATTACHMENT. This is considered one of the best Drills now in use. It will distribute any kind of grain evenly, and sow from one bushel up to three to the acre. The Guano Attachment has given entire satisfaction wherever used. It is so constructed as not to clog in sowing any kind of Phosphates or Bone Meal. Having sold a number of these machines last season, I can fully recommend them to be what they are represented. Persons wishing to buy should make application early as the supply is small and the demand great.

F. F. SMITH'S CAST STEEL PLOUGHS.

First, It is the only Plough yet produced that will invariably scour in any soil.

Second, It is now an established fact that it will last from three to six times longer than any other steel plough in use.

Third, It draws lighter than any other Plough, cutting the same width and depth of furrow.

The different parts of the Plough are cast in moulds, into the exact shape desired for the mould-boards, shares and land-sides, giving the parts most exposed to wear any desired thickness. The shares can be sharpened by any blacksmith. The steel is perfectly malleable and works kindly. Edge tools have been made out of pieces of the plough by blacksmiths all over the country.

For sale by WM. WIBLE, Agent,

Aug. 27, 1866. Near Gettysburg, Pa.

Sewing Machines.

THE GROVER & BAKER.—THE BEST IN USE. These Machines have become so well known that little need be said by way of recommendation. They have taken the first premium at all the late State Fairs, and are universally acknowledged to be the BEST in use by all who have tried them. The "Grover & Baker Stitch" and the "Shuttle Stitch" are points that have been attained by no other Machine. They are the only machines that sew and embroider with perfection. These Machines are peculiarly adapted to Family use. They are almost noiseless, sew directly from the spool without rewinding, and are simple in their construction. They are easy to manage, and can be worked by almost any child. Every family should have one. *They save labor, they save time, and they save money,* and do their work better than it can be done by hand.

The undersigned having been appointed Agent for the above Machines, has established an Agency in Fairfield, Adams county, where he will always have on hand a supply. Persons wishing to buy will please call and examine for themselves.

☞ Needles and Thread will also be supplied. J. S. WITHEROW, Agent,

Fairfield, Adams county, Pa.

Aug. 27, 1866. tf

Latest Fashions

DEMAND J. W. BRADLEY'S CELEBRATED PATENT DUPLEX ELLIPTIC (OR DOUBLE SPRING)

SKIRT.

THE WONDERFUL FLEXIBILITY and great COMFORT and PLEASURE to any lady wearing the DUPLEX ELLIPTIC SKIRT will be experienced particularly in all crowded Assemblies, Operas, Carriages, Railroad Cars, Church Pews, Arm Chairs, for Promenade and House Dress, as the Skirt can be folded when in use to occupy a small place as easily and conveniently as a Silk or Muslin Dress, an invaluable quality in crinoline, not found in any Single Spring Skirt.

A lady having enjoyed the PLEASURE, COMFORT, and great CONVENIENCE of wearing the DUPLEX ELLIPTIC STEEL SPRING SKIRT for a single day, will never afterwards willingly dispense with their use. For Children, Misses and Young Ladies they are superior to all others.

They will not bend or break like the Single Spring, but will preserve their perfect and graceful shape when three or four ordinary Skirts will have been thrown aside as useless. The Hoops are covered with double and twisted thread, and the bottom rods are not only double springs, but twice (or double) covered, preventing them from wearing out when dragging down steps, stairs, &c.

The Duplex Elliptic is a great favorite with all ladies and is universally recommended by the Fashion Magazines as the STANDARD SKIRT OF THE FASHIONABLE WORLD.

To enjoy the following inestimable advantages in Crinoline, viz: superior quality, perfect manufacture, stylish shape, & finish, flexibility, durability, comfort, and economy, enquire for J. W. Bradley's Duplex Elliptic, or Double Spring Skirt, and be sure you get the genuine article.

CAUTION.—To guard against IMPOSITION be particular to NOTICE the skirts offered as "DUPLEX" have the red ink stamp, viz: "J. W. Bradley's Duplex Elliptic Steel Springs," upon the waistband—none others are genuine. Also Notice that every Hoop will admit a pin being passed through the centre, thus revealing the two (or double) springs braided together therein, which is the secret of their flexibility and strength, and a combination not to be found in any other skirt.

FOR SALE in all Stores where FIRST CLASS skirts are sold throughout the United States and elsewhere.

Manufactured by the Sole Owners of the Patent, WEST, BRADLEY & CARY,

97 Chambers & 79 & 81 Reade Sts., N. Y.

Oct. 15, 1866. 3m

628. Hoop Skirts, 628.

HOPKIN'S "OWN MAKE,"

NEW FALL STYLES!

Are in every respect FIRST CLASS and embrace a complete assortment for Ladies, Misses, and Children, of the Newest Styles, every Length and Size of Waist.

OUR SKIRTS, wherever known, are more universally POPULAR than any others before the public. They retain their shape better, are lighter, more elastic, more durable, and really CHEAPER, than any other Hoop Skirt in the market. The springs and fastenings are warranted perfect. EVERY LADY should TRY THEM! They are now being extensively Sold by MERCHANTS, throughout the Country, and at WHOLESALE & RETAIL, at Manufactory and Sales Room.

No. 628 ARCH Street, below 7th, PHILADELPHIA.

Ask for HOPKIN'S "OWN MAKE,"—buy no other!

CAUTION.—None genuine unless Stamped on each Kid Pad—"Hopkin's Hoop Skirt Manufactory, No. 628 Arch Street, Philadelphia."

Also, constantly on hand full line of New York made Skirts, at very low prices.

TERMS NET CASH. ONE PRICE ONLY.

Sept. 3, 1866. 4m

Sale Crying!

AARON CHRONISTER, of Hampton, Adams county, will attend to the CRYING OF SALES in the most satisfactory manner, and on reasonable terms. He asks a share of public patronage, and is convinced that he will be able to please all who may employ him.

Hampton, Sept. 17, 1866. 2m*

SWAN'S Store is the place to get all kinds of Groceries CHEAP.

Another Great Cure

IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK,

Of a highly respectable citizen, well known to the Mercantile community, by

DR. J. H. SCHENCK,

THE GREAT LUNG DOCTOR OF PHILADELPHIA.

Office N. Y. and Galena Lead Co., No. 28 Nassau St., N. Y., June 1, '65.

Dr. J. Schenck—Dear Sir:—For over fifteen years I have been troubled with a severe cough, and usually two or three times a year with more or less hemorrhage, which together, for the last few years, has kept me thin in flesh and too weak to do business of any kind without suffering. In August last I had a very severe hemorrhage, and, according to the judgment of a good New York physician, I was classed as beyond the reach of medicine, and was advised to be prepared, so far as property matters were concerned, to leave this world at short notice. The physician (and my good friends) said that the first cold I took must prove fatal. Early in January I took a severe cold, and fortunately was occupying rooms at No. 32 BOND STREET, directly over your office. I think about the 10th of January I procured a bottle of your Pulmonic Syrup and commenced taking it freely. My feet and limbs were very much swollen, and all the symptoms of a speedy death seemed to accompany my cold. I sent for my former physician, and stated to him that I was taking your medicines, and after showing them to him, and having tasted them, &c., he replied: "You can take them if you like, they will do you no harm." He said: "You know what I told you last summer, and I say the same now, if you have any business to close up, do not put it off." He said to other friends that he could see no hope for me," and my friends and relations concluded my time had come. At this time I was taking freely of your medicine, but had not seen you. The doctor called a few times, and found me (much to his surprise, he said,) improving, and he could not understand why. My faith was increasing in your medicines, and I had a wish to have you examine my case, and see what you had to say. When you first came to my room and made the examination, you gave me but little encouragement, but on the contrary, expressed and doubts of my ever being helped out of my then seeming difficulties. The second time that you called, finding me still gaining, you gave me encouragement, saying, "my symptoms were improving; the Pulmonic Syrup, Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills had acted like a charm." My circulation, my cough, my appetite, all began to improve, and I could walk about my room a little. You visited me nearly every Tuesday, and found me improving, and told me not to go out of my room until the first day of May. I took no cold while under your treatment, my appetite became first-rate, and you told me to eat everything I wished of a nutritious nature, and to exercise about the room as much as possible. I followed your advice, and to the surprise of my old physician and friends, I seem much better than I have been for several years, and breathe better than I over expected a person could with one lung, the left being completely dried up. I feel very grateful to you, and consider your advice and medicines invaluable.

Yours, truly, T. S. SHELDON.

Dr. Schenck—Dear Sir.—About two years ago I was taken with a very troublesome cough and a pain in my breast; seven or eight months passed away without my doing anything for myself. Then I applied to a physician, who attended me for about three months without rendering me any service. I also obtained the advice and treatment of a physician in one of our hospitals, and also had the advice and treatment of two other physicians, but all to no purpose. During this long space of time I was nearly dead; several times my friends came to see me and witness my exit into the spirit-world. I was confined to my bed two months at one time. My breathing was exceedingly short. I gave up several times all hope of getting better; and as regarded well, that was entirely out of the question. And to think this day I am well and hearty! I was advised by some of my friends to try Dr. Schenck's Medicines. I accordingly bought bottle after bottle, until I reached the ninth; then I found a decided change in my cough for the better. I suffered severely from palpitation of the heart, and two weeks after I commenced taking your medicines this difficulty ceased.

When I first went to Dr. Schenck's office it was with difficulty that I could get up into his reception room, I was so weak and so swelled; my skin was so sallow as though I had the jaundice; I felt dull, heavy and sleepless. Dr. Schenck, after examining me, said both my lungs were effected, and gave me but little hope; but his medicines, in about two weeks, took right hold of me; it seemed to go right through my whole system. The Pulmonic Syrup, Sea-weed Tonic and Mandrake Pills, all took right hold in the right place. The Pills brought away great quantities of bile and slime; the Syrup loosened the matter in my lungs, which came off very free; the Sea-weed Tonic gave me an appetite, and everything seemed to taste good.

To show what great power the medicines have in purifying my system, and to show how bad I was diseased, beside all the bile that passed my bowels, and the great quantities of phlegm and matter I expectorated, I broke out all over in large boils, that would continue to gather and run for about six weeks, and I had at one time over twenty-five boils. I have nothing of the kind now, and feel like another person altogether. I can safely say that I have not enjoyed such health for five years as I do now, and cannot praise you and your medicines enough. May God abundantly bless and preserve you, is the sincere desire of one who has been so wonderfully relieved through your agency; and if any one desires to know with regard to the truthfulness of this report, if they will call upon any of my friends, or upon me, No. 4, Dryden Place, near Thompson street, below Cadwalader, Philadelphia, they will be perfectly satisfied with the validity of the case. Yours, with much respect,

MARY SCHNAIDT.

The above case, as described, is perfectly correct. I know it to be true. Yours,

T. B. MILLER,

Pastor of Hancock M. E. Church.

Dr. Schenck will be professionally at his principal office, No. 15 North Sixth street, corner of Commerce, Philadelphia, every Saturday, from 9 A. M. until 4 P. M.; No. 32 Bond street, New York, every Tuesday, from 9 to 3; No. 38 Summer street, Boston, Mass., every Wednesday, from 9 to 3; and every other Friday at 108 Baltimore street, Baltimore Md.—All advice free, but for a thorough examination of the lungs with his Respirometer, the charge is three dollars.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic, each $1 50 per bottle, or $7 50 per half dozen. Mandrake Pills, 25 cents per box. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers.

Oct. 15, 1866. 1m

A Lecture to Young Men.

JUST published, in a sealed envelope.—Price 6 cents. A Lecture on the nature, treatment and radical cure of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility and Impediments to Marriage generally. Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c. By Robert J. Culverwell, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c.

The world renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves, from his own experience, that the awful consequences of Self Abuse may be effectually removed without Medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically. This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands. Sent under seal to any address, in a plain, sealed envelope, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps. Also Dr. Culverwell's Marriage Guide, price 25 cents. Address

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & Co.,

127 Bowery, New York, P. O. box 4586.

April 23, 1866. 1y

Coal and Lumber,

OF every variety, at the Yard of C. H. BUEHLER,

Feb. 19. Cor. Carlisle and Railroad sts.

Pine Shingles.

A LARGE lot of Pine Shingles from $4.50 to $15 per 1000; for sale at the Lumber yard of C. H. BUEHLER.

Oct. 22, 1866.

Jury List for November.

Grand Jury.

Reading—Levi Chronister, (Foreman,) Adam Miller, Jacob Phillips.
Berwick bor.—Wm. Bittinger.
Hamiltonban—Alexander Benchoof.
Cumberland—George Bushman.
Mountjoy—John Trostle.
Berwick tp.—Elijah Kepner, Henry Bittinger.
Menallen—Conrad Wierman.
Union—Benjamin Forney.
Franklin—Jonathan Wider, Eli Hartman.
Freedom—John Ogden.
Liberty—David Miller, Washington Shover.
Huntington—Thomas G. Neely.
Straban—John Wertz.
Gettysburg—Henry Culp, of P.
Butler—Jacob Eppelman, Isaac Myers.
Hamilton—Henry Wolf.
Mountpleasant—David Melhorn.
Latimore—Israel Flohr.

General Jury.

Hamilton—Emanue Hull, Peter Wehler.
Gettysburg—Solomon Powers, George Jacobs.
Germany—Jacob Yealy, Jacob King.
Hamiltonban—James A. Marshall, John B. Paxton.
Huntington—Jesse Shriver, Joseph Wierman, Henry Smith.
Highland—John Dubs, Jacob Plank.
Straban—Jeremiah Shriver, John F. Felty,
Butler—Burkhart Wert, Daniel March.
Mountpleasant—Wm. Kohler, John Stuck, Henry Brough.
Tyrone—Henry J. Myers, Thomas Ehrehart, Martin Raffensperger.
Berwick tp.—Daniel Bear, George Baker.
Union—Peter Long, Daniel Geiselman.
Conowago—Jesse Waltman, Jacob Little.
Littlestown—Isaac Staub, George Stonesifer.
Menallen—George Beuder.
Cumberland—Isaac Deardorff.
Liberty—Joseph P. McDivit.
Oxford—Jacob Peters, John Stock.

Oct. 15, 1866. tc

CHOLERA PREVENTIVE!

IS

X. 1866. L.

THE GREAT ZINGARI BITTERS.

THIS WONDERFUL REMEDY was discovered and introduced about twenty years ago by Dr. S. Cheopsus, an eminent Egyptian physician.

He had long seen and felt the want of some remedy which would strike at the root of disease, and so prevent much of the suffering which the human family was then compelled to endure.

The great question was presented to his mind every day in vivid colors as he moved among the sick and dying, and observed the inefficiency of nearly all the remedies then in use. Thus he was lead to think and experiment; and after ten years of study and labor, he presented to his fellow man the wonderful Zingari Bitters. The effect of this preparation in the prevention and cure of disease, was so marvellous and astonishing, that the most flattering marks of royal favor were bestowed upon him who discovered it. His name was placed upon the Roll of Nobles, and a gold medal with the following inscription—Dr. S. Cheopsus, the Public Benefactor—was presented to him by the Viceroy.

The preparation has been used in several epidemics of cholera, both as a preventive and curative measure, and with such great success that it has been introduced into nearly all the general hospitals of the old world.

The old saying that an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure, applies with marvellous force to cholera, and therefore any remedy that will protect us against this terrible disease should be freely and persistently used.

All pathologists now agree that the cholera poison acts on the system through the blood, and that any combination which acts on the excretory organs, and keeps them in working order, must prevent a sufficient accumulation of the poison to exert its terrible effects on the organism. This is true not only of cholera, but of nearly all other maladies, especially the different forms of fevers.

The Zingari Bitters is just such a remedy as the above conditions require. It acts on the organs of excretion and secretion, keeping up a perfect balance between them. This Bitters is composed entirely of roots and herbs, so nicely concocted that every organ is acted upon and put in tone. Its taste is pleasant and its effects prompt and lasting.

Numerous cases of the following diseases have been cured by it; Cholera, Diarrhoea, Typhoid and Typhus Fever, Fever, Ague, Nervous Debility, Anaemia, Female Irregularities, Dyspepsia, Flatulency, Colic, Scrofula, &c.

Price, one dollar per quart bottle.

Principal Depot at the Walnut street Wharf, Harrisburg, Pa.

Sold by Druggists, Hotel-keepers & Grocers.

F. RATHER, Sole Proprietor.

☞For sale by Wm. J. Martin, sole Agent for Gettysburg.

April 16, 1866. 1y

Pianos! Pianos!

PIANOS!—The undersigned would respectfully inform the public that he can furnish PIANOS of the following manufacturers, or those of other make, if desired, at the lowest possible prices:

CHICKERING & SONS.
DECKER BROS.
HAZLETON BROS.
HAINES BROS.
GEO. STECK.
A. H. GAHLE & CO.
STEINWAG & SONS.

☞Particular attention is given to the selection of Pianos; and when so selected, in addition to the manufacturers' guarantee, the Pianos *are guaranteed by me.*

MASON & HAMLIN
CABINET ORGANS AND MELODEANS.

The recent improvements in these instruments are such as to fully warrant saying they are FAR SUPERIOR to any other make. One of the best evidences of their merit is, that their improvements are imitated by other makers. The new style, four stop organ, have a Sub-Bass and Octave Couplet, making it an instrument especially adapted to Church and Sabbath School purposes.

DESCRIPTIVE CIRCULARS will be sent by mail to persons desiring them. Pianos tuned regularly. Pianos taken in exchange.

PETER BENTZ,
No. 30 East Market St., York, Pa.

June 12, 1865. 1y

Cheap for Cash!

NEW STORE!
GROCERIES, LIQUORS, &C.

THE undersigned has returned to Gettysburg, and opened a new Store, on Baltimore street, next door to the Post Office, and nearly opposite the Court-House, where he offers for sale, CHEAP FOR CASH, a large and choice assortment of GROCERIES,—Sugars, Coffees, Teas, Molasses, Syrups, Salt, &c.; with Fish, Bacon, Lard, and so on.

Also, LIQUORS—Wines, Brandies, Gins, Whiskies, Rums, and everything else in the line.

Also, any quantity of Notions, to suit any and everybody.

Recollect this is the place to buy CHEAP FOR CASH.

GEO. F. KALBFLEISCH.

April 23, 1866.

Blacksmithing.

THE undersigned would most respectfully inform the public that he continues the BLACKSMITHING BUSINESS, at his shop, lately Philip Doersom's, adjoining Troxel's paint shop, in East Middle street, Gettysburg, where he will at all times be prepared to do Blacksmithing work to Carriages, Buggies, Wagons, &c. That he knows how to do all jobs of the kind will not be questioned by those who have a knowledge of his long experience at the business. Come on with your work, and you will be satisfied when you take it away—and for which he will receive Cash or Country Produce.

ADAM HOLTZWORTH

Mar. 20, 1865. tf

Everhart's

FRANKLIN HOUSE,
CORNER OF HOWARD & FRANKLIN STREETS,
BALTIMORE, MD.

This House is on a direct line between the Northern Central and Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Depots. It has been refitted and comfortably arranged for the convenience and the entertainment of guests.

Nov. 20, 1865. tf

A SUPERIOR quality of the best Londen Draft HAMES, with or without fastenings, for sale by D. McCREARY & SON.

MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS for sale at Horner's Drug and Variety Store.

Flour! Feed! and Groceries!

AT THE CHEAP STORE ON THE HILL. If you wish to buy any of the above articles cheaper and better than you can get them anywhere else, go to the Grocery Store of the undersigned on the Hill, in Baltimore street, where customers can always be accommodated, and where all are invited to call and see for themselves. The public will always find a full and choice assortment of

SUGARS, COFFEES, TEAS, SYRUPS, MOLASSES, TOBACCOS, CIGARS, SNUFFS, FISH, BACON, LARD, CHEESE, CRACKERS, BUTTER, EGGS, &c.

—ALSO—

GLASS-WARE, CROCKERY-WARE, NOTIONS, &C., COAL OIL LAMPS, FISH OIL, AND FLOUR AND FEED, ALWAYS ON HAND.

WANTED.—Flour, Corn, Oats, Butter, Eggs, Bacon, and Potatoes, for which the highest market price will be paid, either in trade or cash.

☞Being determined to conduct my business in a fair and honorable way, and to sell cheap, I invite all to give me a call.

HENRY OVERDEER.

April 9, 1866. tf

Cabinet Furniture.

THE subscribers hereby inform their customers and the public generally, that they have now on hand, and continue to manufacture to order,

CABINET FURNITURE,

which, for style and durability, finish and price, will compete with any in the county.—Our present stock consists of every variety of Furniture usually kept in a first class Furniture Ware Room. Fashionable, ornamental or plain Furniture manufactured in the most substantial manner, by most experienced workmen, and at the lowest cash prices.

UNDERTAKING.

Having a new Hearse, particular attention will be given to this branch of their business. They are prepared to make and furnish coffins of any desired quality, and attend Funerals at the shortest notice—and on such terms as cannot fail to please all.

The subscribers return their thanks to the public for the liberal patronage extended to them in the past, and hope to merit and receive a continuance of public patronage.

Shop and Ware Room third building east of the Square. H. FETE & BRO.

Littlestown, April 16, 1866. tf

Benefit to Farmers!

MORO PHILLIPS'
GENUINE
IMPROVED SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME.

For Sale at Manufacturer's Depots:
27 N. Front St., between Market & Arch, PHILADELPHIA.
14 Bowley's Wharf, and 95 South St., BALTIMORE, Md.

Congress having repealed the Internal Revenue Law taxing Fertilizers six per cent., I beg leave to inform the Farmers that from this day the same per centage will be taken off the retail price of MORO PHILLIPS' SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME, viz: $60 00, less 6 per cent., making the retail price now $56 40 per ton of 2,000 lbs., in Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Discount to Dealers.

MORO PHILLIPS,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

Aug. 13, 1866.

Gettysburg Foundry.

THE subscriber would inform his customers and others, that he is still manufacturing various kinds of Castings and Machines, made to order, on short notice, such as

THRESHERS AND POWERS,

(five different sizes of Powers,) Clover-seed Hullers and Cleaners, Corn Shellers and Separators, Cornfodder Cutters, Straw and Hay Cutters; PLOUGHS, such as Cast Ploughs, Barshear Ploughs, Side-hill and Corn Ploughs; the

WIRE-SPRING HORSE RAKE,

the latest improvement; also Metal Screws for Cider Presses.

IRON RAILING

for Cemeteries or Porches, with everything else in his line, all at low prices.

FOR SALE.—A light Two-horse Wagon, a One-horse Wagon, and a Spring Wagon, all new. DAVID STERNER.

April 30, 1866. tf

Buggies and Carriages.

THIS WAY! THIS WAY!—The undersigned is engaged in the Carriage-making business, at the corner of Chambersburg and West streets, Gettysburg, and invites all who may need anything in his line to give him a call. He puts up, in the very best manner, Falling-top and other BUGGIES, and all the different styles of CARRIAGES. With a full knowledge of the business, and a determination to give satisfaction, the public can rely upon his jobs being good. He will endeavor to deserve a large share of patronage, and hopes to receive it.

REPAIRING done at the shortest notice, and on most reasonable terms. ☞Country produce will be taken in exchange for work.

CHARLES E. GILBERT.

Gettysburg, June 4, 1866. tf

NORRIS STILL AHEAD!

"MY POLICY."
QUICK SALES & SMALL PROFITS!

Clothing, Hats and Caps.
Clothing, Hats and Caps.
Clothing, Hats and Caps.
Clothing, Hats and Caps.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
Black Cloth Dress Coats.
Black Cloth Sack Coats.
Black Cloth Pants and Vests.
Black and Fancy Cassimere Coats.
Black and Fancy Pants and Vests.

LOOK AT THE FIGURES!

Cloth Coats, from $10 to $25.
Cassimere Coats, from $5 to $18.
Cassimere Pants and Vests, from $5 to $15.
Pants, from $2 to $12.
Undershirts, from $1 to $3.
Drawers, from $1 to $2 50.

HATS AND CAPS!

The latest style always on hand and at reduced prices.

Six Dollar Hats for $5.
Five Dollar Hats for $4.
Four Dollar Hats for $3 50.
Three Dollar Hats for $2 50.
Two Dollar Hats for $1 50.

FALL STYLE CAPS, JUST RECEIVED!

Also—Gentlemen's wear of every description—such as Neckties, Butterflies, Suspenders, Stockings, Gloves, Paper and Linen Collars, of every style and price, Umbrellas, Pocket Handkerchiefs, Linen Shirts, Wool Shirts, &c.

Also—Regulation Base Balls, Base Ball Bats, Clocks, Trunks, Travelling Sacks, Walking Sticks, Base Ball Shoes, &c.

REMEMBER THE PLACE.

Next door to Buehler's Drug Store, where we are ready to show you our goods, and if you think you can buy cheaper elsewhere, we will charge you nothing for showing you our Stock. Call and examine for yourselves.

Sept. 24, '66. THEO. C. NORRIS.

Reduced Prices.

PIANOS, CABINET AND AMERICAN ORGANS. Superior tuned 7 octave PIANOS from $350 upwards. ORGANS from $30 upwards. All instruments selected, recommended and sold by me, additionally guaranteed. Illustrated circulars sent by mail, when desired. P. BENTZ,

No. 30 East Market Street, York, Pa.

Mar. 12, 1866.

Notice.

APPLICATION will be made at the next regular session of the Legislature of Pennsylvania for the Incorporation of a Savings' Institution, to be located in the Borough of Littlestown, Adams county, Penn'a., under the name and style of "THE LITTLESTOWN SAVINGS' INSTITUTION," the intention of which shall be to loan out money and receive deposits thereof, and do such things as are usually done by similar Institutions: the capital thereof not to exceed One Hundred Thousand Dollars, to be divided into shares of Fifty Dollars each.

July 2, 1866. 6m

WE have just received a new assortment of Queensware, to which we invite the attention of buyers. A. SCOTT & SON.

GRAIN AND GROCERIES.—The highest market price paid for Grain and all kinds of Produce. Groceries, Fertilizers, &c., constantly on hand for sale at the Warehouse of

Aug. 13, 1866. CULP & EARNSHAW.

W. E. BIDDLE. H. S. BENNER.

100,000 Bushs. Grain Wanted.

NEW FIRM AT THE OLD WAREHOUSE. WM. E. BIDDLE & CO. would inform the public that they have leased the Warehouse on the corner of Stratton street and the Railroad, in Gettysburg, where they will carry on

THE GRAIN AND PRODUCE BUSINESS,

in all its branches. The highest prices will always be paid for Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Clover and Timothy Seeds, Flaxseed, Sumac, Hay and Straw, Dried Fruit, Nuts, Soap, Hams, Shoulders and Sides, Potatoes, with everything else in the country produce line.

GROCERIES.—On hand, for sale, Coffees, Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, Teas, Spices, Salt, Cheese, Vinegar, Soda, Mustard, Starch, Brooms, Buckets, Blacking, Soaps, &c. Also COAL OIL, Fish Oil, Tar, &c. FISH of all kinds; Spikes and Nails; Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos.

They are always able to supply a first rate article of Flour, with the different kinds of Feed.

Also, Ground Plaster, with Guanos and other fertilizers. COAL, by the bushel, ton or car load.

They will run a LINE OF FREIGHT CARS from Gettysburg to Baltimore once every week. They are prepared to convey Freight either way, in any quantity, at REDUCED RATES. They will attend, if desired, to the making of purchases in the city, and delivering the goods promptly in Gettysburg. Their cars run to the Warehouse of Nathan Roop & Co., No. 128 North Howard st., near Franklin, Baltimore, where freight will be received at any time. They invite the attention of the public to their line, assuring them that they will spare no effort to accommodate all who may patronize them.

BIDDLE & BENNER.

April 16, 1866. tf

Carriage-making Business.

THE war being over, the undersigned have resumed the

CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS,

at their old stand, in East Middle street, GETTYSBURG, where they are again prepared to put up work in the most fashionable, substantial, and superior manner. A lot of new and second-hand CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &C., on hand, which they will dispose of at the lowest prices; and all orders will be supplied as promptly and satisfactorily as possible.

☞REPAIRING done with dispatch, and at cheapest rates.

A large lot of new and old HARNESS on hand for sale.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore enjoyed by them, they solicit and will endeavor to deserve a large share in the future.

DANNER & ZIEGLER.

July 10, 1865. tf

The Great Bone Fertilizer.

BAUGH'S RAW BONE PHOSPHATE, containing 53 per cent. of Phosphate of Lime, and 5.05 per cent. Ammonia.

It should be borne in mind that the Phosphate of Lime in this article being obtained exclusively from RAW BONES and a TRUE BIRD GUANO, there is NO PORTION of it INOPERATIVE, as in the case of SUPER PHOSPHATES made from MINERAL GUANOS—but being entirely SOLUBLE in the SOIL, continues to IMPART its FERTILIZING qualities to the CROPS for YEARS.

The REMARKABLE SUCCESS which has attended its use for years past, is a sufficient GUARANTY to induce those who have not tried it to do so.

The GRAIN CROP where this FERTILIZER has been applied is supposed to have been INCREASED from 25 to 50 per cent. by its use, while for TOBACCO and GRASS LANDS its success has been EQUALLY DECIDED.

The price in Baltimore is uniform with the Manufacturer's Factory Price.

GEORGE DUGDALE,
Manufacturer's Agent,
105 Smith's Wharf, Baltimore, Md.

For sale at Manufacturer's Price. Cost of Transportation added by

SAMUEL HERBST, Gettysburg,
DAVID HOKE, New Oxford.

Aug. 6, 1866. 3m

Soluble Pacific Guano.

200 LBS. SOLUBLE PACIFIC GUANO contains 70 lbs. *animal matter*, yielding 7 to 8 lbs. *ammonia*.

Also 80 to 90 lbs. *earthy bone Phosphate of lime*, 30 lbs. of which are *soluble phosphate*.

It combines all the advantages of the *best brands* of Super Phosphate, with those of Peruvian Guano.

By reason of its greater *concentration*, we recommend 20 per ct. less by weight to be used per acre, than of any fertilizer costing the same per ton; and no more per acre than of those selling at 20 per ct. more per ton—*Hence its economy.*

This guano weighs 65 lbs. per bushel, hence in applying it farmers must be governed by weight and not by bulk, for it is much lighter than the Super Phosphates. *Every cargo duly inspected.*

JOHN S. REESE & CO.,
GENERAL AGENTS FOR THE SOUTH,
71 *South Street, Baltimore.*

"Flour of Bone."

WE will give a *money* guarantee of the *purity* of this article. It is pure *unsteamed, unburnt bone*, reduced to the *fineness* of *flour*, which adds 100 per ct. to its value. It is as *quick* and *active* as acid *dissolved bone*, hence its value is vastly greater, because it contains neither acid nor water, which necessarily add weight, and reduce the quantity of valuable elements. We recommend 250 lbs. to be used in place of 300 lbs. Super Phosphate or dissolved bone.

JOHN S. REESE & CO.,
GENERAL AGENTS FOR THE SOUTH,
71 *South Street, Baltimore.*

☞McCurdy & Diehl, Agents, Gettysburg.

Mar. 12, 1866. 8m

Removal

OF BOTH OUR SHOPS TO CHAMBERSBURG STREET.

OPEN TO-DAY, MAY 17, 1866.

We take special pleasure in announcing to our friends and customers that we have this day opened our ICE CREAM SALOONS, at our new stand in Chambersburg street, nearly opposite the Lutheran Church. We have had the apartments fitted up in the best style.—Ladies and Gentlemen are invited to call.

We will also furnish Ice Cream in any quantity to public or private parties, at prices unprecedented. We will also have constantly on hand Fresh Cakes, which we will furnish to all parties and pic-nics at the shortest notice.

MEAD AND MINERAL WATER can always be had icy and cool and at all hours.

Having had a life-long experience in the manufacture of all the foregoing articles we ask the patronage of the public generally.

May 21, 1866. tf MINNIGH & BRO.

Grocery & Liquor Store.

A FIRST-RATE ASSORTMENT of GROCERIES, cheap. FISH of different kinds. A large lot of

POTOMAC HERRING,

at low price. The best and largest assortment of LIQUORS ever kept in this place. PURE WINE, BRANDY, RYE WHISKEY, &C., for medicinal and other purposes, in quantities large or small. Also—

MISHLER'S CELEBRATED HERB BITTERS.

WM. J. MARTIN,
Baltimore st., Gettysburg.

May 28, 1866.

Lime & Coal.

GUINN & REILLY have erected two additional Lime Kilns, on the Railroad, and are therefore better prepared than ever to supply the best of LIME, in large or small quantities. Farmers and others can hereafter look for a more prompt filling of their orders, and are invited to extend and continue their favors to a firm which is making every effort to accommodate them in the best manner possible.

They will also continue to keep on hand for sale, a good supply of the different kinds of COAL, which they will sell at small profits.

Coal and Lime delivered anywhere in Gettysburg.

May 14, 1866. tf

Howard Association,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.—Diseases of the Urinary and Sexual Systems—new, and reliable treatment. Also the BRIDAL CHAMBER, an Essay of Warning and Instruction, sent in sealed envelopes, free of charge. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, No. 2, South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. [Oct. 2, 1865. 1y

Hardware & Groceries.

THE subscribers have just returned from the cities with an immense supply of HARDWARE & GROCERIES, which they are offering at their old stand in Baltimore street, at prices to suit the times. Our stock consists in part of

BUILDING MATERIALS,
CARPENTER'S TOOLS,
BLACKSMITH'S TOOLS,
COACH FINDINGS
SHOE FINDINGS,
CABINET MAKER'S TOOLS,
HOUSEKEEPER'S FIXTURES,
ALL KINDS OF IRON, &c.
GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS,
OILS, PAINTS, &c., &c.

There is no article included in the several departments mentioned above but what can be had at this Store.—Every class of Mechanics can be accommodated here with tools and findings, and Housekeepers can find every article in their line. Give us a call, as we are prepared to sell as low for cash as any house out of the city.

JOEL B. DANNER,
DAVID ZIEGLER.

Gettysburg, May 16, 1864.

Noah Walker & Co.,

CLOTHIERS,
WASHINGTON BUILDING,
165 AND 167 BALTIMORE STREET,
BALTIMORE,

keep constantly on hand a large and well assorted stock of all kinds of goods at moderate prices.

They supply orders for the finest to the lowest priced articles, either ready made or made to measure, to any part of the country.

They keep also an extensive stock of FURNISHING GOODS, embracing every article of Gentlemen's Under-wear. Also, MILITARY CLOTHS and every variety of Military Trimmings, as well as an assorted stock of READY MADE MILITARY GOODS.

Baltimore, Feb. 22, 1864.

Schick Still Ahead!

NEW SPRING GOODS!
REDUCTION IN PRICES!
J. L. SCHICK

would respectfully say to the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity, that he is now receiving at his store a splendid

STOCK OF SPRING GOODS.

The stock consists in part of Fancy and Staple DRY GOODS, of every description. SILKS, MOZAMBIQUE, CHALLIES, DE-LAINES, BOMBAZINES, ALPACCAS, LAWNS, CALICOES, of all qualities and choicest styles, which will be sold at PRICES TO DEFY COMPETITION.

FURNISHING GOODS of all kinds, including Silk, Linen and Cotton Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Stockings, &c.

Also, a splendid assortment of RIBBONS, Laces and Edgings, Umbrellas and Parasols. My stock of WHITE GOODS will be found full and complete, and customers may rely upon always getting good goods at the lowest possible prices.

Gentlemen will find it to their advantage to call and examine *my stock of* CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS, of all qualities and choicest *styles*.

April 16, 1866. J. L. SCHICK.

New Bakery!

NEWPORT & ZIEGLER, Mechanical Bakers, South Washington street, half square from the Eagle Hotel, GETTYSBURG, Pa.—Constantly *on hand*, the best of BREAD, CRACKERS, CAKES, PRETZELS, &c. Persons wishing fresh Bread will be served every morning, by leaving their names and residences at the Bakery. Every effort made to please. Give us a call! [April 20, '63. tf

Lancaster Book Bindery.

GEORGE WIANT,
BOOK BINDER,
AND BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURER,
LANCASTER, PA.

Plain and Ornamental Binding, of every description, executed in the most substantial and approved styles.

REFERENCES.

E. W. Brown, Esq., Farmers Bank of Lancaster
W. L. Peiper, Esq., Lancaster County Bank
Samuel Shock, Esq., Columbia Bank.
Samuel Wagner, Esq., York Bank.
William Wagner, Esq., York County Bank.
T. D. Carson, Esq., Bank of Gettysburg.
Peter Martin, Esq., Proth'y of Lancaster co., Pa
Geo. C. Hawthorn, Esq., Register " "
Geo. Whitson, Esq., Recorder " "

April 15, 1861

Sale Crying.

A. W. FLEMMING continues the business of SALE CRYING, and solicits the continued patronage of the public. It is his constant endeavor to give satisfaction. Charges moderate. Residence in Breckinridge street, Gettysburg.

P. S.—He is a licensed Auctioneer, under the Tax Law of the United States.

Nov. 24, 1862.

Cemetery Removals.

THE undersigned, being the authorized person to make removals into Ever Green Cemetery, hopes that such as contemplate the removal of the remains of deceased relatives or friends will avail themselves of this season of the year to have it done. Removals made with promptness—terms low, and no effort spared to please.

PETER THORN,

March 12, '60. Keeper of the Cemetery.

New Warehouse.

100,000 BUSHELS OF GRAIN WANTED, at the new Grain and Produce House, in Carlisle street, adjoining Sheads & Buehler's establishment. The highest market price will always be paid in cash for

GRAIN, of all kinds,
FLOUR, SEEDS, &c.

Always on hand and for sale, at the smallest profits,

GUANOS,
SALT, FISH,
GROCERIES, &c.,
Wholesale and retail.

TRY US! We shall do our best to give satisfaction in all cases.

McCURDY & DIEHL.

Gettysburg, May 11, 1863. 1y

Carriages and Buggies.

TATE & CULP are now building a variety of COACH WORK of the latest and most approved styles, and constructed of the best material, to which they invite the attention of buyers. Having built our work with great care and of material selected with special reference to beauty of style and durability, we can confidently recommend the work as unsurpassed by any, either in or out of the cities.

All we ask is an inspection of our work to convince those in want of any kind of vehicle, that this is the place to buy them.

REPAIRING in every branch done at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Give us a call, at our Factory, near the corner of Washington and Chambersburg streets, Gettysburg.

P. J. TATE. WM. E. CULP.

Mar. 19, 1863.

Fresh Confectionery

AND ICE CREAM SALOON.—The subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity that he has a Confectionery Establishment, one door east of the Eagle Hotel, on Chambersburg street, to which he would invite their attention.

Cakes, Candies, and every description of Confections, together with Nuts, Oranges, and all kinds of fruits, always on hand.

Parties, public and private, as well as families, will be furnished with all kinds of Cakes, Ice Cream, (in pyramidal form or otherwise,) and other refreshments at their houses, upon short notice.

Having spent a life-time at the business, he flatters himself that he understands it and that he is able to render entire satisfaction.

Call and see his Confectionery.

May 28, 1866. tf JOHN GRUEL.

For Sale.

THREE choice FARMS, as follows: 231, 133 and 124 acres each; all three near the Borough of Gettysburg; choice lands and good buildings. Terms accommodating.

GEORGE ARNOLD.

Gettysburg, Sept. 3, 1866. tf

DR HORNER'S FRAGRANT MYRRH preserves the Teeth, cures all diseases of the gums and purifies the breath.

FOUTZ'S

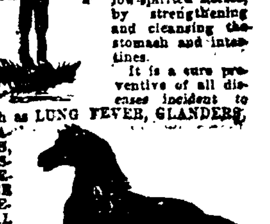
CELEBRATED

Horse and Cattle Powders.



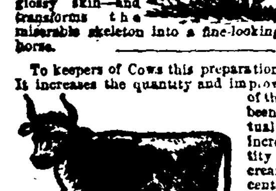
This preparation, long and favorably known, will thoroughly reinvigorate broken-down and low-spirited horses, by strengthening and cleansing the stomach and intestines.

It is a sure preventive of all diseases incident to this animal, such as LUNG FEVER, GLANDERS,

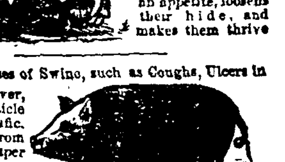


YELLOW WATER, HEAVES, COUGHS, DISTEMPER, FEVERS, FOUNDER LOSS OF APPETITE AND VITAL ENERGY, &c. Its use improves the wind, increases the appetite—gives a smooth and glossy skin—and transforms the miserable skeleton into a fine-looking and spirited horse.

To keepers of Cows this preparation is invaluable. It increases the quantity and improves the quality of the milk. It has been proven by actual experiment to increase the quantity of milk and cream twenty per cent. and make the butter firm and sweet. In fattening cattle, it gives them an appetite, loosens their hide, and makes them thrive much faster.



In all diseases of Swine, such as Coughs, Ulcers in the Lungs, Liver, &c., this article acts as a specific. By putting from one-half a paper to a paper in a barrel of swill the above diseases will be eradicated or entirely prevented. If given in time, a certain preventive and cure for the Hog Cholera.



Price 25 Cents per Paper, or 5 Papers for $1.

PREPARED BY
S. A. FOUTZ & BRO.,
AT THEIR
WHOLESALE DRUG AND MEDICINE DEPOT.
No. 116 Franklin St., Baltimore, Md.

For Sale by Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the United States.

For sale by A. D. Buehler, Gettysburg; Laughlin & Bushfield, Wheeling, Va; G. C. Bender & Co., Pittsburg; Johnson, Holloway & Cowden, Philadelphia.

Dec. 11, 1865. 1y

The Greatest Family
Medicine in the World,

FOR

SORE THROAT,

OR

DIPTHERIA.

The attention of the public, and especially the sufferers from that dreadful disease, Diptheria or Sore Throat, is called to the great remedy known as

Stonebraker's
BALSAM, OR
PAIN KILLER,

As a sure cure for Sore Throat or Diptheria, Croup, Bronchitis, Scarlet Fever, &c., and all other diseases of the throat, and also an infallible remedy for Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Sick Headache, Sudden Colds and Coughs, Neuralgia, Phthisic, Old Sores, &c. It is also invaluable for Bruises, Frosted Feet, Swelled Joints, Bites of Poisonous Insects, &c., and a prompt and sure remedy for Cramp Cholic and all Pains in the Stomach and Bowels.

This medicine has been tried in thousands of cases in different parts of the country, and has never failed to cure if used in time, and according to directions. A great amount of suffering might often be saved by having a couple of bottles of this valuable medicine in the house. As an evidence of its great qualities the proprietor warrants every bottle to give entire satisfaction.

Try it and be convinced of its great value.

READ FURTHER.

STONEBRAKER'S
GREAT COUGH REMEDY,
VEGETABLE

COUGH SYRUP

For the Rapid Cure of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Croup, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Difficulty of Breathing, Spitting of Blood, First Stages of Consumption, Soreness of the Throat, and all Affections of the Pulmonary Organs.

This Syrup is an invaluable remedy for the alleviation and cure of Pulmonary Diseases. It is prompt in its action, pleasant to the taste, and from its extreme mildness, is peculiarly applicable to the use of children and persons in delicate health. As an anodyne expectorant, it will always be found to be beneficial, by alleviating and arresting the several spells of coughing so distressing to the patient.

The afflicted can rely upon its doing of much, or more than any other remedy in soothing the nerves, facilitating expectoration, and healing the Diseased Lungs, thus striking at the root of all diseases and eradicating it from the system.

All I ask is a trial of this preparation, as it has no equal in its effects, and never fails to give entire satisfaction to all who use it. We warrant it in all cases or the money refunded.

Try it—only 25 and 50 Cents a Bottle.

READ ONE! READ ALL!

A GREAT DISCOVERY

MADE IN

Stonebraker's
DYSPEPSIA BITTERS

AND

LIVER INVIGORATOR.

Will Cure All Cases of

NERVOUS DEBILITY,

And Diseases Originating from a

DISEASED LIVER and STOMACH

By the use of from one to three bottles the most obstinate cases of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Bilious Attacks, Sick Headache, Sour Stomach, Flatulency, Dropsy, Loss of Appetite, Costiveness, Jaundice, Cholera Morbus, Female Weakness and Irregularities, Nervous Affection and General Debility, caused by exposure, imprudence, or otherwise, Diseases of the Skin, such as Ulcers, Scrofula, Dull Pain in the Head, Yellowness of the Skin, Dimness of Vision, Constant Imaginings of Evil and great Depression of Spirits,

ARE ALL SPEEDILY CURED.

This being an entire vegetable compound is warranted a safe and effectual remedy not only for Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, but for all other diseases arising from a disorganized or a diseased stomach, or impurity of blood.

As a blood purifier and tonic or general appetizer, these bitters have no equal, and should be used in every family, as disease cannot exist where they are used. They are also warranted a perfect safeguard against Fever and Ague. Ladies desiring a clear complexion and good health should not fail to use them. They are particularly recommended to those who are suffering under Debility and Depression of Spirits, their soothing and renovating powers being particularly adapted to all such cases.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

☞For sale by A. D. Buehler, Gettysburg, and Country Dealers generally.

May 7, 1866. 6m

Groceries! Groceries!

THE BEST IN TOWN!
COME AND SEE THEM!

STRICKHOUSER & WISOTZKEY have added a large and splendid stock of GROCERIES to their business, and invite the public to call and see for themselves. They offer the best of everything, at the lowest possible profits: COFFEES, SUGARS, SYRUPS, MOLASSES, SALT, FISH, Spices, Teas, Cheese, Starch, Soaps, Candles, Blacking, Matches, Tubs, Buckets, Brooms, Bed Cords; with Confectionary, Oranges, Nuts, Tobacco, Segars—and a variety entirely too large to be enumerated. "Come one, come all."

Gettysburg, June 18, 1866. tf

Picture Frames.

A GREAT variety of PICTURE FRAMES, with plain and convex glasses, for sale at Horner's Drug and Variety Store.

June 26, 1865.

THE

PERUVIAN SYRUP

IS A PROTECTED SOLUTION OF THE *Protoxide of Iron*, a new discovery in medicine which STRIKES AT THE ROOT OF DISEASE, by supplying the Blood with its VITAL PRINCIPLE, OR LIFE ELEMENT—IRON.

This is the secret of the wonderful success of this remedy in curing

DYSPEPSIA, LIVER COMPLAINT, DROPSY, CHRONIC DIARRHOEA, BOILS, Nervous Affections, Chills and Fevers, Humors, Loss of Constitutional Vigor, Disease of the Kidneys and Bladder, Female Complaints, and all diseases originating in A BAD STATE OF THE BLOOD, *or accompanied by* DEBILITY, OR A LOW STATE OF THE SYSTEM.

Being free from Alcohol in any form, its energizing effects are not followed by corresponding reaction, but are permanent, infusing strength, vigor and new life into all parts of the system, and building up an IRON CONSTITUTION.

DYSPEPSIA AND DEBILITY.

From the Venerable Archdeacon Scott, D. D.

DUNHAM, Canada East, March 24, 1865.

* * * "I am an inveterate Dyspeptic of more than 25 years' standing."

* * * "I have been so wonderfully benefitted in the three short weeks during which I have used the Peruvian Syrup, that I can scarcely persuade myself of the reality. People who have known me are astonished at the change. I am widely known, and can but recommend to others that which has done so much for me."

One of the most DISTINGUISHED JURISTS in New England writes to a friend as follows:

"I have tried the PERUVIAN SYRUP, and the result fully sustains your prediction. It has made a NEW MAN of me; infused into my system new vigor and energy; I am no longer tremulous and debilitated, as when you last saw me, but stronger, heartier, and with larger capacity for labor, mental and physical, than at any time during the last five years."

An EMINENT DIVINE of Boston, says:

"I have been using the PERUVIAN SYRUP for some time past; it gives me new vigor, buoyancy of spirits, elasticity of muscle."

☞THOUSANDS have been changed by the use of this remedy; from weak, sickly, suffering creatures, to strong, healthy, and happy men and women; and invalids cannot reasonably hesitate to give it a trial.

A pamphlet of 32 pages, containing certificates of cures and recommendations from some of the most eminent physicians, clergymen, and others, will be sent FREE to any address.

☞See that each bottle has PERUVIAN SYRUP blown in the glass.

FOR SALE BY
J. P. Dinsmore, Proprietor,
36 Dey Street, New York,
AND BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

SCROFULA.

All Medical Men agree that IODINE is the BEST REMEDY for Scrofula and all kindred diseases ever discovered. The difficulty has been to obtain a PURE SOLUTION of it.

DR. H. ANDERS'
IODINE WATER,

Is a Pure Solution of Iodine, WITHOUT A SOLVENT!!

A most Powerful Vitalizing Agent and Restorative.

It will cure SCROFULA in all its manifold forms.

ULCERS, CANCERS, SYPHILIS, SALT RHEUM;

and it has been used with astonishing success in cases of Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Consumption, Female Complaints, Heart, Liver and Kidney Diseases, &c.

Circulars will be sent FREE to any address.

Price $1.00 a bottle, or 6 for $5.00.

Prepared by Dr. H. ANDERS, Physician and Chemist.

FOR SALE BY
J. P. Dinsmore, 36 Dey Street, New York,
AND BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

WISTAR'S BALSAM

OF

WILD CHERRY

HAS BEEN USED FOR NEARLY

HALF A CENTURY,

WITH THE MOST ASTONISHING SUCCESS IN CURING Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Croup, Liver Complaint, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing, Asthma, and every affection of

THE THROAT, LUNGS, AND CHEST.

CONSUMPTION,

which carries off more victims than any other disease, and which baffles the skill of the physicians to a greater extent than any other malady, often

YIELDS TO THIS REMEDY!

when all others prove ineffectual.

AS A MEDICINE,

rapid in relief, soothing in effect, safe in its operation,

☞IT IS UNSURPASSED!☜

while as a preparation, free from noxious ingredients, poisons or minerals; uniting skill science and medical knowledge; combining all that is valuable in the vegetable kingdom for this class of disease, it is

INCOMPARABLE!

and is entitled to merits and receives the general confidence of the public.

SEYMOUR THATCHER, M. D.,

of Herman, N. Y., writes as follows:

"WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY gives universal satisfaction. It seems to cure a Cough by loosening and cleansing the lungs, and allaying irritation, thus REMOVING THE CAUSE, instead of drying up the cough and leaving the cause behind. I consider the Balsam as good as any, if not the best, Cough medicine with which I am acquainted."

The Rev. JACOB SECHLER, of Hanover, Pa., well known and much respected among the German population of this country, makes the following statement for the benefit of the afflicted:

Dear Sirs:—Having realized in my family important benefits from the use of your valuable preparation—WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY—it affords me pleasure to recommend it to the public. Some eight years ago one of my daughters seemed to be in a decline, and little hopes of her recovery were entertained. I then procured a bottle of your excellent Balsam, and before she had taken the whole of the contents of the bottle there was a great improvement in her health. I have, in my individual case, made frequent use of your valuable medicine, and have always been benefitted by it.

JACOB SECHLER.

Price one dollar a bottle.

FOR SALE BY
J. P. Dinsmore, 36 Dey Street, New York.
Seth W. Fowle & Son, Proprietors, Boston
AND BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Grace's Celebrated Salve

cures Cuts, Burns, Scalds.

Grace's Celebrated Salve
cures Wounds, Bruises, Sprains.
Grace's Celebrated Salve
cures Boils, Ulcers, Cancers.
Grace's Celebrated Salve
cures Salt Rheum, Erysipelas.
Grace's Celebrated Salve
cures Chapped Hands, Chilblains
Grace's Celebrated Salve
heals Old Sores, Flesh Wounds, &c.

It is prompt in action, removes pain at once, and reduces the most angry-looking swellings and inflammations, as if by magic—thus affording relief and a complete cure.

Only 25 cents a box! (Sent by mail for 35 cents.)

For sale by J. P. DINSMORE, 36 Dey street, New York, S. W. FOWLE & SON, Proprietors, Boston, and by all Druggists, Grocers, and Country Stores.

July 16, 1866. 1y

Valuable Properties for Sale.

JOHN C. ZOUCK, LAND AGENT,
NEW OXFORD, ADAMS COUNTY, PA.

Has for sale a number of desirable properties, to which he asks the attention of those wishing to purchase.

A FARM of 160 ACRES, in Mountpleasant township, Adams county, with good Stone House, good Barn, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib, Wash House, Orchard, &c., near a turnpike and railroad.

FORTY ACRES, with good House, Barn, and other out-buildings, Orchard, &c., three-quarters of a mile from a railroad station. A good chance; terms easy.

173 ACRES OF LAND, on the road leading from Hanover to Littlestown. Good limestone farm; large Brick House, Bank Barn, and other out-buildings. The Littlestown Railroad runs through the rear part of the place. Price $85 per acre.

A FARM OF 300 ACRES, in Cumberland township, Adams county, three miles from Gettysburg, at which place is a railroad and good market. This farm can be divided into two farms, there being already two sets of improvements on the tract. The improvements are a good two-story Dwelling House, Barn, and other out-buildings, and a Tenant House with all improvements.

A large Three-story BRICK WARE HOUSE, with good Switch, all in order, good Lumber and Coal Yard attached, in good grain country. Also a BRICK DWELLING HOUSE will be sold with the above Ware House if desired. Will be sold cheap, if applied for immediately.

A FARM of 105 ACRES, on the Carlisle turnpike, under good cultivation, with a large Brick House, Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib, Carriage House and other out-buildings, all new.

LARGE FLOUR MILL, with 15 Acres of Land. The mill has four pair of Burrs, and all machinery for doing merchant work. Best water power in the county.

A FARM of 175 ACRES, near the Hanover turnpike, on which is erected a good House, Barn, and all necessary out-buildings. The land is in a good state of cultivation. This property will be sold cheap.

A FARM of 195 ACRES, near Hunterstown, Adams county, on which is erected a good House, Barn and other out-buildings, and the land is in a fine state of cultivation. This farm will be sold cheap.

A FARM of 38 ACRES, 6 acres in wood, with one-and-a-half-story House, good Barn—land in good cultivation—3½ miles from New Oxford, and 1½ miles from Bonaughtown. Terms easy.

18 ACRES of WOODLAND, 2 miles from New Oxford.

A FARM of 200 ACRES, good land, with large Brick House, Barn, and 2 Tenant Houses—40 acres in wood—half a mile from the Conowago Chapel.

A FARM of 180 Acres—225 can be purchased—in Cumberland township, 2½ miles from Gettysburg, near Chambersburg pike; large weatherboarded House, Bank Barn, &c.; 40 acres in wood. The Farm has been recently limed.

A FARM of 120 ACRES, with good House and Barn; 12 acres in wood; one mile west of Bonaughtown.

A HOTEL in New Oxford, two-story, roomy and convenient for business. Good chance; terms easy.

Also, a number of good Houses and Lots for sale in New Oxford.

Persons who wish to buy Real Estate, as well as those who wish to sell, are requested to give the subscriber a call at his store in New Oxford.

Address,
JOHN C. ZOUCK, Land Agent,
New Oxford, Adams county, Pa.

July 9, 1866. 6m

Removal!

THE GETTYSBURG SKYLIGHT GALLERY.

THE undersigned takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Gettysburg and the public generally that he has removed from his old rooms on West Middle street, to Baltimore street, and nearly opposite the store of Fahnestock Brothers. The room he now occupies has been recently fitted up expressly for his business. The location is an admirable one, enabling him to take pictures in all shades of weather, and with a correctness unequalled any where else.

LIFE-LIKE PHOTOGRAPHS,

of every size and description, executed in the finest style. Particular attention given to the CARTE DE VISITE, and to copying AMBROTYPES and DAGUERREOTYPES of deceased friends. Also—

THE GETTYSBURG GEMS,

a new style of picture, which has become very popular with the public, not only for their beauty, but for cheapness and convenience.—SIXTEEN for ONE DOLLAR only. Also—THE PORCELAIN PICTURES, which for their beauty and durability are unsurpassed.

We are prepared to carry on the business in all its various branches, and having had considerable experience we run no risk in *GUARANTEEING PERFECT SATISFACTION.*

Our facilities for a full display of our skill are unequalled by any other Gallery in the County, and we would therefore invite every *one* to call at the

NEW GETTYSBURG SKYLIGHT GALLERY,

Call and examine our Specimens and judge for yourselves. LEVI MUMPER.

June 25, 1866.



Singer's Celebrated.

THE very best and latest improved machine in use, for sale at the CLOTHING STORE of JACOBS & BRO., in Chambersburg street, Gettysburg, where you can buy the best and cheapest Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, and every variety of goods in the line of

MEN AND BOYS WEAR.

You can have them cut out and made up in the very best style if you wish, at moderate prices, and without any risk whatever.

GEO. JACOBS & BRO.

August 20, 1866.

Battle-field Hotel.

THIS Hotel, being one of the relics of the Battle of Gettysburg, has been renovated and refurnished, and is ready to entertain travellers and the public generally. It being a short distance from the Soldiers' National Cemetery, it affords convenient accommodations for all visiting there, and the subscriber flatters himself that none shall leave him dissatisfied.

Also, Ice Cream and all kinds of refreshments, at all hours, to accommodate promenaders. Give me a call.

JOSEPH LITTLE, Proprietor.

Gettysburg, May 21, 1866. tf

Lawrence D. Digis & Co.

WHOLESALE
DEALERS IN
FANCY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
HOSIERY and
VARIETIES,

No. 308 West Baltimore Street,
Between Howard & Liberty Streets,

May 7, 1866. Baltimore, Md.

Bark Wanted.

THE subscriber will pay FIVE DOLLARS per CORD for BLACK OAK BARK, delivered at his Tannery, in Gettysburg.

JOHN RUPP.

June 18, 1866.

U. S. BONDS.

THE First National Bank of Gettysburg will cash 5-20 and 10-40 U. S. Bonds; also 7-30 and Compound Interest Notes.

GEORGE ARNOLD, Cashier.

Oct. 6, 1866. tf

1860. AT HORNER'S you can get Brushes, Combs, Soaps, Perfumery, Notions, &c., in great variety.